Hub WDG

For Control of Listed Insect Pests Infesting Cotton, Sovbeans, and Tree Nuts.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	WT.	BY %
Thiamethoxam: 3-(2-Chloro-5-thiazolylmethyl)tetrahydro-5-methyl-		
N-nitro-4H-1,3,5-oxadiazin-4-imine		40.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:		60.0%
TOTAL:		00.0%

CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See label booklet for complete First Aid, Precautionary Statements, Directions For Use, and Storage and Disposal.

Manufactured For:

Sharda USA LLC S U

.c S U

7217 Lancaster Pike, Suite A Hockessin, Delaware 19707 EPA Reg. No. 83529-129

EPA Est. No. NJ 33967-NJ-001; BP 65387-AR-002; SC 39578-TX-001

The EPA Establishment Number is identified by the circled letters above that match the first two letters in the batch number.

Net Contents: 5 lbs.

FIRST AID		
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
IF SWALLOWED:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomitting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
IF INHALED:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN		

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

There is no specific antidote if ingested. Induce emesis or lavage stomach. Treat symptomatically.

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin, swallowed, or inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, safety glasses). Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton® ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective evewear

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural posticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- . Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to wildlife and highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates. This pesticide is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops/plants or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops/plants or weeds while bees are foraging in/or adjacent to the treatment area.

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift or runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters.

Groundwater Advisory

Thiamethoxam has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. This chemical may leach into the groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Surface Water Advisory

This product may impact surface water quality due to spray drift and runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow groundwater. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of thiamethoxam water from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecast to occur within 48 hours. 2

PROTECTION OF POLLINATORS



APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS EXIST FOR THIS PRODUCT BECAUSE OF RISK TO BEES AND OTHER INSECT POLLINA-Tors. Follow application restrictions found in the directions for use to protect pollinators.

Look for the bee hazard icon in the Directions for Use for each application site for specific use restrictions and instructions to protect bees and other insect pollinators.

This product can kill bees and other insect pollinators.

Bees and other insect pollinators will forage on plants when they flower, shed pollen, or produce nectar. Bees and other insect pollinators can be exposed to this pesticide from:

- . Direct contact during foliar applications, or contact with residues on plant surfaces after foliar applications.
- Ingestion of residues in nectar and pollen when the pesticide is applied as a seed treatment, soil, tree injection, as well as foliar applications.
 When Using This Product Take Steps To:
 - Minimize exposure of this product to bees and other insect pollinators when they are foraging on pollinator attractive plants around the application site.
 - Minimize drift of this product on to beehives or to off-site pollinator attractive habitat. Drift of this product onto beehives or off-site to pollinator attractive habitat can result in bee kills.

Information on protecting bees and other insect pollinators may be found at the Pesticide Environmental Stewardship website at: http://pesticidestewardship.org/PollinatorProtection/Pages/default.aspx

Pesticide incidents (for example, bee kills) must immediately be reported to the State/Tribal lead agency. For contact information for your State, go to: www.aapco.org/officials.html. Pesticide incidents must also be reported to the National Pesticide Information Center at: www.npic.orst.edu or directly to EPA at: beekill@epa.gov

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use, pour, spill, or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

See individual crops for specific pollinator protection application restrictions. If none exist under the specific crop, for foliar applications, follow these application directions for crops that are contracted to have pollinator services for food/feed crops and commercially grown ornamentals that are attractive to pollinators.

1. FOR CROPS UNDER CONTRACTED POLLINATION SERVICES



Do not apply this product while bees are foraging. Do not apply this product until flowering is complete and all petals have fallen unless the following condition has been met:

- If an application must be made when managed bees are at the treatment site, the beekeeper providing the
 pollination services must be notified no less than 48-hours prior to the time of the planned application so that
 the bees can be removed, covered or otherwise protected prior to spraying.
- 2. FOR FOOD/FEED CROPS AND COMMERCIALLY GROWN ORNAMENTALS NOT UNDER CONTRACT FOR POLLINATION SERVICES BUT ARE ATTRACTIVE TO POLLINATORS



Do not apply this product while bees are foraging. Do not apply this product until flowering is complete and all petals have fallen unless one of the following conditions is met:

- The application is made to the target site after sunset.
- The application is made to the target site when temperatures are below 55°F.
- The application is made in accordance with a government-initiated public health response.
- The application is made in accordance with an active state-administered apiary registry program where beekeepers are notified no less than 48-hours prior to the time of the planned application so that the bees can be removed, covered or otherwise protected prior to spraying.
- The application is made due to an imminent threat of significant crop loss, and a documented determination
 consistent with an IPM plan or predetermined economic threshold is met. Every effort must be made to notify
 beekeepers no less than 48-hours prior to the time of the planned application so that the bees can be removed,
 covered or otherwise protected prior to spraying.

This product can only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apoly to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, polyvinyl
 chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton® ≥14 mils
- · Shoes plus socks
- · Protective evewear

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Hub WDG is a selective insecticide used to control the listed sucking and chewing insects through contact and ingestion on cotton, soybeans, and tree nuts.

- Make application of Hub WDG when insect pest populations begin to build, but before populations reach economically damaging levels.
 Economic thresholds for pests controlled by Hub WDG may be available from your local agricultural authorities.
- This products use is compatible with integrated pest management programs. However, Hub WDG is highly toxic to bees exposed to
 direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds.
- Hub WDG is rapidly taken up into foliage after application. However, thorough spray coverage is essential for optimal performance. Make
 application of Hub WDG in sufficient water to ensure good coverage. See specific application information in the CROP USE DIRECTIONS
 section of this label. The use of higher water volumes will generally result in better coverage, especially under adverse conditions (e.g., hot,
 drv) or where a dense plant canoov exists. The use of a spray adjuvant may improve soray coverage but is not required.
- . Hub WDG is rainfast once the spray solution has dried on treated plants.
- Hub WDG has a wide margin of plant safety when used in accordance with this label.

Use Restrictions

- Do not use **Hub WDG** in nurseries, greenhouses, plant propagation houses, or on any plants grown for use as transplants.
- Do not apply this product, by any application method, to linden, basswood, or other Tilia species in the State of Oregon.
- Do not apply this product or allow it to drift onto blooming plants if bees are foraging in the treated area.
- New York State:
 - This product is classified as restricted use.
 - Not for Sale, Sale Into, Distribution and/or Use in Nassau and Suffolk Counties.
- Do not exceed a total of 0.188 lb. a.i. of thiamethoxam-containing products per acre per growing season.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, **Hub WDG** contains Thiamethoxam and is classified in the neonicotinoids chemical class as a Group 4A insecticide, nicotinic acetylcholine receptor (nAChR) competitive modulators.

Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **Hub WDG** and other Group 4A insecticides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect population if this group of insecticides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies must be followed.

To delay insecticide resistance, take the following steps:

- Rotate the use of Hub WDG or other Group 4A insecticides within a growing season, or among growing seasons, with different groups that control the same pests.
- Use tank mixtures with insecticides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Do
 not rely on the same mixture repeatedly for the same pest population. Consider any known cross-resistance issues for the targeted
 eests between the individual components of a mixture.
- In addition, consider the following recommendations provided by the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC):
- Individual insecticides selected for use in mixtures must be highly effective and be applied at the rates at which they are individually registered for use against the target species.
- Mixtures with components having the same IRAC mode of action classification are not recommended for insect resistance management.
- When using mixtures, consider any known cross-resistance issues between the individual components for the targeted pest(s).
- Mixtures become less effective if resistance is already developing to one or both active ingredients, but they may still provide pest
 management benefits.
- The insect resistance management benefits of an insecticide mixture are greatest if the two components have similar periods of residual insecticidal activity. Mixtures of insecticides with unequal periods of residual insecticide activity may offer an insect resistance management benefit only for the period where both insecticides are active.

- Adopt an integrated pest management program for insecticide/acaricides use that includes scouting, uses historical information related
 to pesticide use, crop rotation, record keeping, and which considers cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Monitor after application for unexpected target pest survival. If the level of survival suggests the presence of resistance, consult with vour local university specialist or certified pest control advisor.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Sharda USA LLC or representative.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Aerial Applications:

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft. above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to use a Medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If wind speed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. For aerial applicators, if the windspeed is 10 miles per hour or less, applicators must use 1/2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field. When the windspeed is between 11 15 miles per hour, applicators must use 3/4 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Nozzles must be oriented so the spray is directed toward the back of the aircraft.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications:

- Users must only apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- . Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- . Do not apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVI-

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles must
be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom must remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Ground Application

Select spray nozzles which will provide accurate and uniform spray deposition. Use spray nozzles which provide medium-sized droplets and reduce drift. To help ensure accuracy, calibrate sprayer before each use. For information on spray equipment and calibration, consult nozzle manufacturers and/or State Extension Service specialists.

Apply **Hub WDG** using sufficient water volume to provide thorough and uniform coverage. In situations where a dense canopy exists and/ or pest pressure is high, use greater water volumes. The use of a spray adjuvant may improve spray coverage but is not required. Do not make applications under conditions where uniform coverage cannot be obtained or where excessive spray drift may occur.

Aerial Application

Apply **Hub WDG** in water, using a minimum spray volume of 3 gals. per acre. Increase spray volume where practical to improve coverage. Avoid making application under conditions where uniform coverage cannot be obtained or where excessive spray drift may occur.

MIXING PROCEDURES

Prepare no more spray mixture than is needed for the immediate operation. Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product. Vigorous agitation is necessary for proper dispersal of the product. Maintain maximum agitation throughout the spraying operation. Do not let the spray mixture stand overnight in the spray tank. Flush the spray equipment thoroughly following each use and apply the rinsate to a previously treated area. Keep product container tightly closed when not in use.

Hub WDG Alone

Add 1/2 of the required amount of water to the mix tank. With the agitator running, add the desired amount of **Hub WDG** to the tank. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Begin application of the solution after **Hub WDG** has completely dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Hub WDG + Tank Mixtures

Add 1/2 of the required amount of water to the mix tank. Start the agitator running before adding any tank mix partners. Add tank mix partners in this order: products packaged in water-soluble packaging, wettable powders, wettable grauntles (dry flowables) such as **Hub WDG**, liquid flowables, liquids, emulsifiable concentrates, and surfactants/adjuvants. Always allow each tank mix partner to become fully dispersed before adding the next product. Provide sufficient agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

Important: When using **Hub WDG** in tank mixtures, add all products in water-soluble packaging to the tank before any other tank mix partner, including **Hub WDG**. Allow the water-soluble packaging to completely dissolve and the product(s) to completely disperse before adding any other tank mix partner to the tank.

If using **Hub WDG** in a tank mixture, observe all directions for use, crop/sites, use rates, dilution ratios, precautions, and limitations, which appear on the tank mix product label. Do not exceed any label dosage rate, and follow the most restrictive label precautions and limitations. Do not mix this product with any product which prohibits such mixing. Tank mixtures or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are labeled.

Compatibility

Hub WDG is compatible with most commonly used pesticides, crop oils, adjuvants, and nutritional sprays. However, since it is not possible to test all possible mixtures, the user must pre-test to assure the physical compatibility and lack of phytotoxic effect of any proposed mixtures with **Hub WDG**. To determine the physical compatibility of **Hub WDG** with other products, use a jar test, as described below.

Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt. of water. Add wettable powders and water-dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

The crop safety of all potential tank mixes on all crops has not been tested. Confirm the safety to the target crop before applying any tank mixture not specified on this label.

ROTATIONAL RESTRICTIONS

Treated areas may be replanted immediately following harvest, or as soon as practical following the last application, with any crop listed on this label or to barley, Brassica (cole) vegetables, canola, corn, cucurbit, fruiting vegetables, early vegetables, legume vegetables, mint (peppermint and spearmint), oilseed crops (black mustard seed, borage seed, crambe seed, field mustard seed, hidian mustard seed, Indian rapeseed, rapeseed, safflower seed), root vegetables (except sugarbeet), sorghum, strawberry, sunflower, tobacco, tuberous and corm vegetables, and wheat. Any cover crop planted for erosion control or soil improvement may be planted as soon as practical following the last application. However, the cover crop may not be grazed or harvested for food or feed. For all other crops, a 120-day plantback interval must be observed.

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

Cotton

Pest	Rate per Acre per Application (Oz.)	Application Directions
Aphids	1.25 - 2.5	For best results, the low rate should not be used after first bloom or on rapidly increasing populations.
Clouded Plant Bug Cotton Fleahopper Tarnished Plant Bug (Lygus lineolaris)	1.25 - 2.5	Control may require the use of 2 applications made at a 5 - 10 day interval.
Brown Stink Bug (Suppression Only) Green Stink Bug Lygus Bug (<i>Lygus Hesperus</i>) (Suppression Only) Southern Green Stink Bug Thrips Whiteflies	2 - 2.5	Stink Bugs, Thrips, and Whiteflies: Control may require the use of 2 applications made at a 5 - 10 day interval.

Make application before pests reach damaging levels. Scout fields and treat again if populations rebuild to potentially damaging levels. Make application at higher rates within the specified rate range for heavy infestations. Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage of foliage.

Restrictions

- Do not apply more than 5 oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) of **Hub WDG** per acre per year.
- . Do not make application of this product within 45 days of planting if cottonseeds were treated with a neonicotinoid product.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days
- . Minimum Interval Between Applications: 5 days
- Do not use less than 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications.

Sovbean*

Pest	Rate per Acre per Application (Oz.)	Application Directions
Aphids	1.5 - 2	
Brown Stink Bug (Suppression Only) Green Stink Bug Red Banded Stink Bug Southern Green Stink Bug	2 - 2.5	Stink Bugs: Control may require the use of 2 applications made at a 7 - 10 day interval.

Make application before pests reach damaging levels. Scout fields and treat again if populations rebuild to potentially damaging levels. Make application at higher rates within the specified rate range for heavy infestations. Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage of foliage.

Restrictions

- Do not apply more than 5 oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) of **Hub WDG** per acre per year.
- . Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 Days
- . Minimum Interval Between Applications: 7 days
- Do not use less than 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications.
- Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated soybean forage, straw or hay as feed for meat or dairy animals.
 Do not feed treated soybean fodder or silage to meat or dairy animals.

*Not for use in California.

Tree Nuts (including Pistachio)

Crop	Pest	Rate per Acre per Application (Oz.)	Application Directions
Almond*, Beech Nut, Brazil Nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (Hazelnut), Hickory Nut, Macadamia Nut (Bush Nut), Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (Black), and English	Blackmargined Aphid Lygus Bug (Lygus Hesperus) (Suppression Only) Pecan phylloxera Red Shoulder Stink Bug Walnut Aphid Yellow Pecan Aphid	2 - 2.5	Pecan phylloxera: Make application after egg hatch, before nymphs are in galls. This usually occurs after bud break when 1" - 2" of new growth is present.
Walnut (Persian)	Black Pecan Aphid	2.5	

Tree Nuts (including Pistachio) (continued)

Apply before pests reach damaging levels. Scout fields and treat again if populations rebuild to potentially damaging levels. Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage of foliage.

Restriction

- Do not apply more than 5 oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) of Hub WDG per acre per year.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days
- . Minimum Interval Between Applications: 7 days
- Do not use less than 50 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 20 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications.

*Not for use in California.



Pollinator Precautions:

Hub WDG is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops. Do not apply during pre-bloom or during bloom when bees are foraging. Do not apply **Hub WDG** or allow it to drift to blooming crops if bees are foraging in/or adiacent to the treatment area. This is especially critical if there are adiacent orchards that are blooming. After a **Hub WDG** and

cation, wait at least 5 days before placing beehives in the treated field. If bees are foraging in the ground cover and it contains any blooming plants or weeds, always remove flowers before making an application. This may be accomplished by mowing, disking, mulching, flailing, or applying a labeled herbicide. Consult with your local Cooperative Extension Service or State agency responsible for regulating pesticide use for additional pollinator safety practices.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture, or rinse water is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance in proper disposal methods.

CONTAINER HANDLING

Nonrefillable Container (50 pounds or less): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling, if available, or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of Sharda USA LLC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Sharda USA LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Sharda USA LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or Sharda USA LLC and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. To the extent consistent with applicable law, SHARDA USA LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither Sharda USA LLC nor Seller shall be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SHARDA USA LLC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SHARDA USA LLC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

Sharda USA LLC and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of Sharda USA LLC. All trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Hub WDG

For Control of Listed Insect Pests Infesting Cotton, Sovbeans, and Tree Nuts.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: W Thiamethoxam: 3-(2-Chloro-5-thiazolylmethyl)tetrahydro-	T. BY %
5-methyl-N-nitro-4H-1,3,5-oxadiazin-4-imine	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	

CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See label booklet for complete Precautionary Statements and Directions For Use.

FIRST AID

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: • Take off contaminated clothing, • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. IF SWALLOWED:
• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF IN FYES: • Hold eye open and rines slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. IF INHALED: • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

There is no specific antidote if ingested. Induce emesis or lavage stomach. Treat symptomatically.

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin, swallowed, or inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, safety glasses). Avoid contact with eves. skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to wildlife and highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates. This pesticide is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops/plants or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops/plants or weeds while bees are foraging in/or adjacent to the treatment area. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift or runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters. Groundwater Advisory - Thiamethoxam has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. This chemical may leach into the groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow. Surface Water Advisory - This product may impact surface water quality due to spray drift and runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow groundwater. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams. and springs will reduce the potential loading of thiamethoxam water from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecast to occur within 48 hours.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use, pour, spill, or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. See individual crops for specific pollinator protection application restrictions. If none exist under the specific crop, for foliar applications, follow these application directions for crops that are contracted to have pollinator services for food/feed crops and commercially grown ornamentals that are attractive to pollinators.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal, PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place, PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture, or rinse water is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance in proper disposal methods. CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable Container (50 pounds or less): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling, if available, or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

The EPA Establishment Number is identified by the circled letters above that match the first two letters in the batch number.

Net Contents: 5 lbs.

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