

BENSULFURON-METHYL	GROUP 2	HERBICIDE
PROPANIL	GROUP 7	HERBICIDE

Imprice

HERBICIDE

For Postemergence Control of Broadleaf, Grass, and Sedge Weeds in Rice Fields.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	WT. BY %
3', 4' - Dichloropropionanilide*	41.200%
Methyl 2-[[[[(4, 6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]amino] sulfonyl]methyl]benzoate*	0.325%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	58.475%
TOTAL:	100.000%
*Contains 4 lbs. of propanil and 14 grams of bensulfuron-methyl active ingredient per gallon of formulated product.	

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN / MANTÉNGASE FUERA DEL ALCANCE DE LOS NIÑOS CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you **DO NOT** understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID
IF SWALLOWED: • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have the person sip a glass of water, if able to swallow. • DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. IF IN EYES: • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with clean water for 15 - 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. IF INHALED: • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
HOTLINE NUMBERS
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222. For general information about this product, contact the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378, Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 12 PM PST, or at http://npic.orst.edu.

PRIMEROS AUXILIOS
SI SE INGIERE: • Llame de inmediato a un centro de control de envenenamientos o a un médico para consejo de tratamiento. • Si la persona puede tragar, haga que beba un vaso de agua lentamente. • NO induzca el vómito a menos que así se lo indique un centro de control de envenenamientos o un médico. • NO administre nada por boca a una persona que haya perdido el conocimiento. SI CAE EN LA PIEL O LA ROPA: • Quítese la ropa contaminada. • Enjuague la piel inmediatamente con bastante agua por 15 - 20 minutos. • Llame al centro de control de envenenamientos o a un médico para consejo de tratamiento. SI ENTRA EN CONTACTO CON LOS OJOS: • Mantenga los ojos abiertos y enjuáguelos lenta y cuidadosamente con agua, durante 15 a 20 minutos. • Si utiliza lentes de contacto, retírelos después de los primeros 5 minutos, luego continúe enjuagando los ojos. • Llame al centro de control de envenenamientos o a un médico para consejo de tratamiento. SI ES INHALADO: • Traslade a la persona al aire fresco. • Si la persona no está respirando llame al 911 o a una ambulancia, luego dé respiración artificial, preferiblemente de boca a boca, si es posible. • Llame al centro de control de envenenamientos o a un médico para consejo de tratamiento.
NÚMERO DE TELÉFONO DIRECTO
Quando llame a un centro de control de envenenamiento, o a un médico, o intente obtener tratamiento, tenga a la mano el envase o la etiqueta del producto. Para información de emergencia sobre este producto, llame al centro de control de envenenamientos a 1-800-222-1222. Para información general sobre este producto, contacte al Centro Nacional de Información de Pesticidas (NPIC, por sus siglas en inglés) a 1-800-858-7378, Lunes a Viernes, 8 AM a 12 PM PST (hora del Pacífico), o a http://npic.orst.edu.

See label booklet for complete Precautionary Statements, Directions For Use, and Storage and Disposal.

Manufactured For:

Sharda USA LLC 

**7217 Lancaster Pike, Suite A
Hockessin, Delaware 19707**

EPA Reg. No. 83529-393

EPA Est. No. **AG** 72159-GA-001; **MC** 89332-GA-001; **SC** 39578-TX-001

The EPA Establishment Number is identified by the circled letters above that match the first two letters in the batch number.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDOUS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate and handlers removing an unrinsed probe must wear the following:

- Long-sleeved shirt
- Long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves and chemical-resistant apron when mixing/loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them.

See **ENGINEERING CONTROLS** for additional requirements.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.
- Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Mixers and loaders must use a closed system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)]) for dermal protection and must:

- Wear the personal protective equipment required in the **PPE** section of this labeling for mixers and loaders,
- Wear protective eyewear, if the system operates under pressure, and
- Chemical-resistant footwear and coveralls must be provided and be immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a broken package, spill, or equipment breakdown.

The following Engineering Controls will be used if product packaged without built in probe.

Mixers and loaders must either:

- (1) use a closed system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for dermal protection of agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 160.240(d)(4)].
- OR
- (2) Use the probe system described below:

PROBE SYSTEM

Specific requirements for use of the probe closed mixing/loading system:

- Remove plug from bung of drum containing this product only when drum is sitting on the ground or on a secure level platform, with the bung end of the drum pointed up.
- **DO NOT** pour this product from its drum.
- Transfer product from the drum to the mixing tank by use of suction hose connected at one end to the suction pump on the mixing tank and connected at the other end to a probe (dip tube) that is inserted through the bung opening into the drum.
- **DO NOT** handle the probe or bung in a manner that allows dripping or splattering of the product onto yourself or any other person.
- **DO NOT** touch the portion of the probe that has been in contact with this product until after the probe has been triple rinsed with water.
- If the product is removed from the drum, then triple rinse the probe while it remains inside the drum.

UN-RINSED PROBES

- If an un-rinsed probe must be removed from the drum, then use an anti-drip flange, and immediately transfer the probe into a container of rinse water. The anti-drip flange must be designed to remove excess propanil product form the probe as it is extracted from the drum.
- Take the following steps if the probe must be disconnected form the suction hose before both the probe and the hose have been triple rinsed:
 - Equip the probe end of the hose with a shut off valve,
 - Install a dry break coupling between the valve and the probe,
 - Close the shut-off valve before disconnecting the probe.

ALL TRANSFER SYSTEMS

In addition, mixers and loaders using all systems must:

- Wear the personal protective equipment required in the PPE section of this labeling for mixers and loaders and handlers,
- Wear protective eyewear, if the system operates under pressure, and
- When using a system that meets the requirements in the WPS as a closed system or using a probe system when the probe is not removed, chemical-resistant footwear must be provided, be immediately available, and be used in an emergency, such as a broken package, spill, or equipment breakdown.

All systems must be capable of removing the pesticide from the shipping container and transferring it into mixing tanks and/or application equipment. At any disconnect point, the system must be equipped with a dry disconnect or dry couple shut-off device that is warranted by the manufacturer to minimize dripage.

Flaggers: Human flagging is prohibited. Flagging to support aerial application is limited to use of the Global Positioning System (GPS) or mechanical flaggers.

Enclosed Cabs for Aerial Applicators: Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. For terrestrial uses, **DO NOT** apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. **DO NOT** contaminate water intended for irrigation or domestic purposes. **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from area to be treated.

This pesticide is toxic to birds.

Groundwater Advisory

Bensulfuron-methyl is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Propanil and 3,4-DCA (a major propanil degradate) are known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Surface Water Advisory

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams and springs will reduce the potential loading of bensulfuron-methyl from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be greatly reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this production a manner inconsistent with its labeling. **DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Non-Target Organism Advisory Statement

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated area. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by minimizing spray drift. For further guidance and instructions on how to minimize spray drift, refer to the **Spray Drift Management** section of this label.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label and about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves such as or made out of any waterproof material
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Protective eyewear

ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL AND BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

MODE OF ACTION

Imprice is a combination of Propanil, a Group 7 herbicide that inhibits PSII, and also includes Bensulfuron methyl, a Group 2 herbicide, or ALS herbicide which inhibit acetolactate synthase (ALS). These two modes of action can be used to manage resistance (See **WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT** section of this label).

Several important factors should be taken into account to achieve a high efficiency of selective weed control with **Imprice**. These include uniform application, growth stage, water management and weather conditions. To assure uniform application, mix the prescribed amount of **Imprice** with a sufficient volume of water to provide thorough coverage of target area. For aerial applications use approximately 10 gallons of water or for surface (ground) applications 20 - 30 gallons of water per acre at sufficient spray pressure. Agitate tank mixes thoroughly and continuously. Avoid over and under application.

Growth stage of weeds is very important. Best results for selective weed control are obtained when most grasses have reached the 1- to 3-leaf stage.

A static flood should be placed on treated fields approximately 48 hours following application for optimum weed control results. See **APPLICATION TIMING** for additional information concerning flooding.

Proper field preparation is essential to ascertain a relatively clod free and level surface and to obtain uniform flood levels and growth. Fields may be flushed prior to treatment to produce uniform and vigorous grass germination and growth. Drain water from fields prior to applying **Imprice**. Higher rates are recommended to control larger grasses or exposed weeds when rice fields are not completely drained. Inspect rice fields regularly to select the correct application time.

WEATHER CONDITIONS

Weather conditions must be observed closely. Under cool weather conditions, higher rates are required to achieve satisfactory control.

Temperature - Temperatures at and before application affect product activity in controlling target weeds. Applications should be made when daily maximum temperatures are between 75°F and 100°F. Control decreases with temperatures below 75°F and increases with temperatures above 75°F.

Relative Humidity - **Imprice** is a contact herbicide; therefore, herbicidal activity is affected by humidity. High humidity and dew aid in weed control by allowing the product to remain in solution longer on the leaf surface. Low humidity decreases plant activity and thus reduces product absorption. During periods of very low humidity, higher spray volumes, 12 - 15 gallons per acre, should be used when applied aerially.

Wind - Although **Imprice** is less susceptible to drift than solvent-based Propanil products, application should be avoided if wind velocity is high enough to cause drift of the application spray off the target site or irregular spray patterns (see **Spray Drift Management** section of this label).

ADJUVANTS AND APPLICATION AIDS

When **Imprice** is used alone (not in combination with any other postemergent rice herbicide), a low viscosity crop oil concentrate or surfactant may be used to improve wetting of foliage and increase weed control. Use of a crop oil concentrate is recommended when application is made during cool weather conditions or unstable weather conditions that may produce rain. Under adverse weather conditions, the addition of a crop oil concentrate when tank mixing **Imprice** and other rice herbicides for application should be considered. Consult product labels for adjuvant recommendations. The use of a suitable crop oil concentrate or surfactant does not significantly increase injury to rice (leaf tip burn).

USE RESTRICTIONS

- **DO NOT** apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- **DO NOT** apply **Imprice** within 14 days before or after carbamate or organophosphate insecticide applications. Serious injury to rice may occur.
- Applications to fields where commercial catfish or crayfish (crawfish) farming is practiced and draining water from treated fields into areas where catfish or crayfish (crawfish) farming is practiced is prohibited.
- **DO NOT** fish or commercially grow fish, shellfish or crustaceans on treated areas during the 12 months following treatment.
- **DO NOT** plant or transplant crops in the treated area for at least 120 days following an application of this product.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 6 quarts (6 lbs. Propanil + 0.046 lb. Bensulfuron methyl) **Imprice** per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 8 quarts (8 lbs. Propanil + 0.062 lb. Bensulfuron methyl) **Imprice** per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply this product (directly or indirectly) to any crop except rice but **DO NOT** use on wild rice (*Zizania* spp.).
- **DO NOT** use on lawns, walks, driveways, tennis courts or similar areas.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind conditions will allow drift to adjacent, susceptible crops such as beans, soybeans, cotton, safflower, cucurbits, vegetables, orchards (such as almonds, prunes and grapes) and other sensitive crops.
- **DO NOT** graze treated fields or feed treated forage within 60 days of the last application.
- **DO NOT** apply within 60 days of harvest.
- California only:
 - o **DO NOT** graze treated fields or feed treated forage within 80 days of the last application.
 - o **DO NOT** apply within 80 days of harvest.

Water drained from treated rice fields must not be used to irrigate other crops or be released within 2 miles of a potable water intake in flowing water (i.e., river, stream, etc.) or within 2 miles of a potable water intake in a standing body of water (i.e., lake, pond, or reservoir).

EMERGENCY RELEASE PROVISION

Water holding (discharge) intervals for flood water following propanil application in all states.

For delayed flood (water-seeded) rice grown south of Interstate Highway 10 from the Texas/Louisiana border to Houston and east of State Highway 35 from Houston to Port Lavaca - Flood water must be held for 10 days after application, unless excessive rainfall completely submerges the rice crop and forces premature release. For Texas rice grown in areas north or west of these boundaries, the water holding interval will be 7 days.

For delayed flood (water-seeded) rice in Southern Louisiana south of Highway 14 - Flood water must be held for 15 days after propanil application unless excessive rainfall completely submerges the rice crop and forces premature release. Delayed flood (water-seeded) rice in Louisiana, north of Highway 14 boundary, is subject to the 7-day water holding interval provisions.

For permanent flood (water-seeded) rice in California and all other parts of the US not mentioned above - Flood water must be held for 7 days after application, unless excessive rainfall completely submerges the rice crop and forces premature release.

RUNOFF PREVENTION ADVISORY STATEMENT

To protect the environment, **DO NOT** allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

WINDBLOWN SOIL PARTICLES ADVISORY

Bensulfuron-methyl has the potential to move off-site due to wind erosion. Soils that are subject to wind erosion usually have a high silt and/or fine to very fine sand fractions and low organic matter content. Other factors which can affect the movement of windblown soil include the intensity and direction of prevailing winds, vegetative cover, site slope, rainfall, and drainage patterns. Avoid applying **Imprice** if prevailing local conditions may be expected to result in off-site movement.

Understanding the risks associated with the application of **Imprice** is essential to aid in preventing off-site injury to desirable vegetation and agricultural crops. The risk of off-site movement both during and after application may be affected by a number of site specific factors such as the nature, texture and stability of the soil, the intensity and direction of prevailing winds, vegetative cover, site slope, rainfall, drainage patterns, and other local physical and environmental conditions. A careful evaluation of the potential for off-site movement from the intended application site, including movement of treated soil by wind or water erosion, must be made prior to using **Imprice**. This evaluation is particularly critical where desirable vegetation or crops are grown on neighboring land for which the use of **Imprice** is not labeled. If prevailing local conditions may be expected to result in off-site movement and cause damage to neighboring desirable vegetation or agricultural crops, **DO NOT** apply **Imprice**.

Leave treated soil undisturbed to reduce the potential for **Imprice** movement by soil erosion due to wind or water.

Before applying **Imprice** the user must read and understand all label directions, precautions and restrictions completely, including these requirements for a site specific evaluation. If you **DO NOT** understand any of the instructions or precautions on the label, or are unable to make a site specific evaluation yourself, consult your local agricultural dealer, cooperative extension service, land managers, professional consultants, or other qualified authorities familiar with the area to be treated. If you still have questions regarding the need for site specific considerations please call your retailer or your representative.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Imprice contains propanil and bensulfuron, classified as a Group 7 and Group 2 herbicide, respectively. Herbicide resistance is defined as the inherited ability of a plant to survive and reproduce following exposure to a dose of herbicide normally lethal to the wild type. In a plant, resistance may be naturally occurring or induced by such techniques as genetic engineering or selection of variants produced by tissue culture or mutagenesis. Any weed population may contain or develop plants that are naturally resistant to **Imprice** and other Group 2 or Group 7 herbicides. Weed species with acquired resistance to Group 2 or Group 7 herbicides may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 2 or Group 7 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by **Imprice** and or other Group 2 or Group 7 herbicides.

To delay herbicide resistance, consider the below best practices for resistance management:

- Plant into weed-free fields and keep fields as weed-free as possible.
- To the extent possible, use a diversified approach toward weed management. Whenever possible, incorporate multiple weed-control practices such as mechanical cultivation, biological management practices, and crop rotation.
- Fields with difficult to control weeds should be rotated to crops that allow the use of herbicides with alternative mechanisms of action or different management practices.
- To the extent possible, **DO NOT** allow weed escapes to produce seeds, roots or tubers. Manage weed seeds at harvest and post-harvest to prevent a buildup of the weed seed-bank.
- Prevent field-to-field and within-field movement of weed seed or vegetative propagules. Thoroughly clean plant residues from equipment before leaving fields.
- Prevent an influx of weeds into the field by managing field borders.
- Identify weeds present in the field through scouting and field history and understand their biology. The weed-control program should consider all of the weeds present.
- Difficult to control weeds may require sequential applications of herbicides with differing mechanisms of action.
- Apply this herbicide at the correct timing and rate needed to control the most difficult weed in the field.
- Use a broad-spectrum soil-applied herbicide with a mechanism of action that differs from this product as a foundation in a weed-control program. **DO NOT** use more than two applications of this or any other herbicide with the same mechanism of action within a year unless mixed with an herbicide with another mechanism of action with an overlapping spectrum for the difficult-to-control weeds.
- If resistance is suspected, treat weed escapes with an herbicide with a different MOA or use non-chemical methods to remove escapes.
- Monitor treated weed populations for loss of field efficacy.
- Scout field(s) before and after application.
- Report lack of performance to Sharda USA, LLC or their representative.

Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.

Contact your local sales representative, extension agent, or certified crop advisors to find out if suspected resistant weeds to this MOA have been found in your region. If resistant biotypes of target weeds have been reported, use the application rates of this product specified for your local conditions. Tank mix products so that there are multiple effective mechanisms of action for each target weed.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator and the grower. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering these factors when making application decisions. **IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE** The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. **APPLYING LARGER DROPLETS REDUCES DRIFT POTENTIAL BUT WILL NOT PREVENT DRIFT IF APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IMPROPERLY OR UNDER UNFAVORABLE ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS!** See **WIND, TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**, and **TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS** sections of this label. Applications of **Imprice** must conform to the conditions set forth in the current CA propanil regulations (3CCR 6462).

Ground Boom Applications:

- Apply with nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy unless making a turf, pasture, or rangeland application, in which case applicators may apply with a nozzle height no more than 4 feet above the ground.
- For applications prior to the emergence of crops and target weeds, applicators are required to use an Extremely Coarse droplet size (ASABE S572.1). For all other applications, applicators are required to use a Medium or Coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

Aerial Applications:

- **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 10 ft. above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- For applications prior to the emergence of crops and target weeds, applicators are required to use an Extremely Coarse droplet size (ASABE S572.1). For all other applications, applicators are required to use a Medium or Coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- The boom length must not exceed 65% of the wingspan for airplanes or 75% of the rotor blade diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use 1/2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- Nozzles must be oriented so the spray is directed toward the back of the aircraft.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom

Volume - Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.

Pressure - Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.

Spray Nozzles - Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturer's recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT – Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift. When applying aerially to crops, **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

SENSITIVE AREAS

DO NOT apply when wind conditions will allow drift to sensitive areas. Sensitive areas include, but are not limited to, residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, and non-target crops.

APPLICATION TIMING

Imprice normally requires 8 hours of DIRECT sunlight after application for absorption into target weeds; however, many atmospheric and environmental conditions can affect absorption into the target weeds. It is highly recommended that application of **Imprice** be planned so that the applied product remains in contact with the leaf surfaces for at least 48 hours prior to rainfall or flooding. Historically, morning applications of Propanil products, including **Imprice**, have produced better results in weed control.

BROADCAST RATE

Apply 3 quarts (3 lbs. Propanil and 0.023 lb. Bensulfuron methyl) of **Imprice** per acre when most grasses have reached the 1- to 3-leaf stage. Use 4 to 5 quarts of **Imprice** (4 to 5 lbs. Propanil + 0.031 to 0.039 lb. Bensulfuron methyl) per acre when the grasses are large (4 to 5 leaf stage) or when unseasonably cool weather conditions prevail. Under dry conditions when grass and broadleaf weeds are stressed, in cases where rice fields have not been drained completely or where weeds are large enough, higher rates of product, 4 to 6 quarts (4 - 6 lbs. a.i. Propanil and 0.031 - 0.046 lb. a.i. Bensulfuron methyl) per acre, should be used to achieve control. Barnyardgrass may be controlled up to 30 to 45 days after planting, before rice plants have reached the fully tillered growth stage.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than two applications per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than a total of 8 quarts **Imprice** (8 lbs. a.i. Propanil and 0.06 lb. a.i. Bensulfuron methyl) per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 6 quarts (6 lbs. Propanil + 0.046 lb. Bensulfuron methyl) **Imprice** per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** apply within 60 days of harvest.
- California only:
 - **DO NOT** graze treated fields or feed treated forage within 80 days of the last application.
 - **DO NOT** apply within 80 days of harvest.

NOTE: **Imprice** applied to rice after the 4-leaf stage may cause visible injury under some climatic conditions. Rice plants usually outgrow such injury.

Tank Mix Options

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Apply 2 to 4 quarts (depending upon weed size and timing) of **Imprice** per acre tank mixed with a postemergent rice application of Imazethapyr, ammonium salt. An additional application of any propanil formulation can be made prior to flood as long as no single application exceeds 6 lbs. a.i. or a total of 8 lbs. a.i. per acre per year. When **Imprice** is applied with Imazethapyr, ammonium salt follow the Imazethapyr, ammonium salt label for recommended surfactants. When tank mixing with another herbicide, refer to the respective label for rates, methods of application, weeds controlled, proper timing, restrictions and precautions. Always use in accordance with the most restrictive label restrictions and precautions making sure no label dosages are exceeded.

WATER MANAGEMENT

For best weed control, establish the permanent flood as soon as possible (within 7 days of application) after the last application of **Imprice** herbicide. Loss of permanent flood following applications of **Imprice** may result in poor performance due to regrowth of treated plants or reinfestation by newly germinated weeds. Runoff caused by overflow, levee breach, seepage, or introduction of new water soon after treatment may reduce product performance.

IN CALIFORNIA: Use **Imprice** only where rice fields are completely drained or a minimal amount of water remains. If a higher water level is desired, reflood field after 12 hours and before 7 days after treatment. This will discourage new weed infestations.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Imprice is used for postemergence control of broadleaf, grass, and sedge weeds in rice fields. **Imprice** can be used on CLEARFIELD® rice in combination with labeled rates and timings of Newpath® for postemergence control of problematic weeds (cofficebean, indigo, morningglory, Eclipta, sicklepod, pigweed, smartweed, and yellow nutsedge). Resistant biotypes are known to exist including California arrowhead, purple ammannia, red-stem, ricefield bulrush and smallflower umbrella plant. **Imprice** may not control these biotypes.

Weeds Controlled with Imprice*

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Annual arrowhead spp.	<i>Sagittaria</i> spp.
Barnyardgrass (watergrass)	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>
Blunt spikerush	<i>Eleocharis obtuse</i>
Brachiaria (signalgrass)	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>
Cocklebur	<i>Xanthium</i> spp.
Coffeeweed	<i>Sesbania herbacea</i>
Coffeebean	<i>Hemp sesbania</i>
Crabgrass	<i>Digitaria</i> spp.
Croton	<i>Croton</i> spp.
Curly Indigo	<i>Aeschynomene virginica</i>
Dayflower	<i>Commelina communis</i>
Ducksalad	<i>Heteranthera limosa</i>
Eclipta	<i>Eclipta prostrata</i>
Eisen waterhyssop	<i>Bacopa eisenii</i>
False pimpernel	<i>Lindernia</i> spp.
Foxtail	<i>Setaria</i> spp.
Goosegrass	<i>Elusine indica</i>
Gooseweed	<i>Sphenoclea zeylandica</i>
Ground cherry	<i>Physalis</i> spp.
Gulf cockspur	<i>Echinochloa crus-pavonis</i>
Hemp sesbania	<i>Sesbania exaltata</i>
Mexicanweed	<i>Caperonia castanifolia</i>
Millet (Texas)	<i>Uruchloa texana</i>
Morningglory	<i>Ipomoea</i>
Mud plantain	<i>Heteranthera reinformis</i>
Paragrass	<i>Urochloa mutica</i>
Pennsylvania smartweed	<i>Polygonum pensylvanicum</i>
Pickierweed	<i>Pontederia cordata</i>
Pigweed	<i>Amaranthus</i> spp.
Purple ammannia	<i>Ammannia coccinea</i>
Redstem	<i>Ammannia auriculata</i>
Rice flatsedge	<i>Cyperus iria</i>
Roughseed bulrush	<i>Scirpus mucronatus</i>
Sicklepod	<i>Cassid obtusifolius</i>
Smallflower umbrella plant	<i>Cyperus difformis</i>
Sourdock	<i>Rumex crispus</i>
Southern naiad	<i>Naja guadalupensis</i>
Spearhead	<i>Phacelia hastate</i>
Texasweed	<i>Caperonia palustris</i>
Water plantain	<i>Alisma</i> spp.
Waterwort	<i>Elatinaceae</i> spp.
Wiregrass	<i>Eleusine indica</i>
Yellow nutsedge	<i>Cyperus esculentus</i>

* **Imprice** will not control Bermudagrass, cattail, Johnsongrass, red rice and sprangletop.

SPRAY MIXTURE PREPARATION

Wet Spray Application

Thoroughly mix **Imprice** with clean water (water that is free of sediment and agricultural chemicals) in the spray tank. **DO NOT** use water from paddies. Only approved drift control agents may be used with **Imprice**. **DO NOT** use any other additives except as directed by this label.

To ensure uniform mixing and application, agitate the mixture before application. If the mixture is not sprayed immediately after agitation, re-agitate it before application. Always apply **Imprice** spray preparations within 24 hours of product mixing, or the product may degrade.

DO NOT store **Imprice** in nurse tanks or any other tanks used to store or transport clean water. Install one-way valves (anti-siphoning devices) on lines and hoses of mixing/loading equipment to prevent contamination of nurse tanks or other clean water sources.

Mixing and application equipment exposed to **Imprice** cannot be used for anything other than rice applications until it has been cleaned according to the procedures in the **SPRAYER CLEANUP** section of this label.

Additional Mixing Instructions (wet spray):

1. Fill the tank 1/4 to 1/3 full of clean water.
2. While agitating, add the required amount of **Imprice**.
3. Continue agitation until the **Imprice** is fully dispersed, at least 5 minutes.
4. Once the **Imprice** is fully dispersed, maintain agitation and continue filling the tank with water. The **Imprice** should be thoroughly mixed with water before adding any other material.
5. As the tank is filling, add the required tank mix partner (other labeled rice herbicides, adjuvants, drift control agents, etc.).
6. If the mixture is not continuously agitated, settling may occur. If settling occurs, thoroughly re-agitate before using.
7. Apply **Imprice** spray preparations within 24 hours of product mixing, or the product may degrade.
8. If **Imprice** and a tank mix partner are to be applied in multiple loads, pre-slurry the **Imprice** in clean water prior to adding to the tank. This will prevent the tank mix partner from interfering with the dissolution of the **Imprice**.

SPRAYER CLEANUP

Before using equipment exposed to **Imprice** to treat another crop, clean the sprayer and any other equipment (loading hoses, batch tanks, etc.) using the following procedure:

1. Steam-clean tank using a nonchlorine-based detergent, taking care to remove all physical residues.
2. Thoroughly rinse sprayer, tanks, boom, and hoses with clean water (free of sediment and agricultural chemicals).
3. Fill the tank one-half full with clean water and add Nutrasol4 at 32 oz. per 100 gals. of water. Fill the tank to capacity with clean water. Flush the nozzles, boom, and hoses, and agitate (and recirculate, if possible) the sprayer for 15 minutes. Drain the equipment, taking care to flush the boom and hoses thoroughly.
4. Rinse tanks, hoses and nozzles with clean water to remove 'Nutrasol'.
5. Fill the tank one-half full with clean water and add 1 gal. of 21% ammonia or 7 gals. of 3% ammonia per 100 gals. of water. Fill the tank to capacity with clean water. Flush the nozzles, boom, and hoses and agitate (and recirculate, if possible) the sprayer for 15 minutes. Drain the equipment, taking care to flush the boom and hoses thoroughly.
6. Remove nozzles, screens, and strainers, and clean them separately.
7. Rinse tanks, booms, and hoses with clean water.
8. Repeat steps 5 and 7 an additional 3 times.
9. Rinse tanks, booms, and hoses to remove all traces of ammonia.
10. Water rinses may be applied to rice fields. Dispose of bleach rinses at an approved waste disposal facility.

NOTE: When applying multiple loads of **Imprice** several days in a row, the following procedure must be performed at the end of each day: partially fill the tank with fresh water, flush the boom and hoses, and allow to sit overnight.

Attention: **DO NOT** use chlorine bleach with ammonia. All traces of liquid fertilizer containing ammonia, ammonium nitrate or ammonium sulphate must be rinsed from the mixing and application equipment using water before adding chlorine bleach solution. Failure to do so will release a gas with a musty chlorine odor that can cause eye, nose, and throat and lung irritation. **DO NOT** clean equipment in an enclosed area.

Perform cleanup procedures on batch tanks and any other mixing equipment separately from aircraft hoppers. Take care to clean loading hoses and any other equipment or surfaces exposed to **Imprice**.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store this product in a cool, dry place in its original container only. **DO NOT** store this product near fertilizers, seeds, or other pesticides. If this product is spilled, sweep up the spillage and dispose pursuant to the below Pesticide Disposal instructions.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

Less Than or Equal to 5 Gallons: Nonrefillable container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

Greater Than 5 Gallons: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For Bulk and Mini-Bulk Containers: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** use this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by State and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of Sharda USA LLC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Sharda USA LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Sharda USA LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or Sharda USA LLC and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. To the extent consistent with applicable law, SHARDA USA LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither Sharda USA LLC nor Seller shall be liable for any incidental, consequential, or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. **TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SHARDA USA LLC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SHARDA USA LLC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.**

Sharda USA LLC and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of Sharda USA LLC.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

DECLARACIONES PREVENTIVAS

RIESGOS PARA LOS SERES HUMANOS Y ANIMALES DOMÉSTICOS

PRECAUCIÓN

Dañino si se ingiere o es absorbido por la piel. Evite el contacto con los ojos, la piel o la ropa. Evite respirar la neblina de pulverización. Lávese bien con agua y jabón después de manipular y antes de comer, beber, masticar chicle, usar tabaco o usar el baño. Quítese y lave la ropa contaminada antes de reutilizarla.

EQUIPO DE PROTECCIÓN PERSONAL (PPE, POR SUS SIGLAS EN INGLÉS)

Los mezcladores, cargadores, aplicadores y otros manipuladores que limpien derrames o equipos, o que estén expuestos de otro modo al concentrado, y los manipuladores que retiren una sonda sin enjuagar, deben usar lo siguiente:

- Camisa de manga larga
- Pantalones largos
- Zapatos y calcetines
- Guantes y delantal resistentes a productos químicos al mezclar/cargar, limpiar derrames o equipos, o estar expuesto de otra manera al concentrado.

Siga las instrucciones del fabricante para la limpieza y el mantenimiento del equipo de protección personal (PPE, por sus siglas en inglés). En caso de no existir dichas instrucciones de lavado, utilice detergente y agua caliente. Mantenga y lave el PPE por separado del resto de la ropa. Deseche la ropa y otros materiales absorbentes que hayan sido empapados o muy contaminados con el concentrado de este producto. **NO** vuelva a reutilizarlos.

Consulte **Controles de ingeniería** para conocer requisitos adicionales.

DECLARACIÓN DE CONTROL TÉCNICO

Los mezcladores y cargadores deben utilizar un sistema cerrado que cumpla con los requisitos enumerados para la protección de la piel en la Norma de Protección del Trabajador (WPS por sus siglas en inglés) para pesticidas agrícolas [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)] y deben:

- Usar el equipo de protección personal requerido en la sección de equipos de protección personal (PPE por sus siglas en inglés) de esta etiqueta para mezcladores y cargadores,
- Use gafas protectoras si el sistema funciona bajo presión, y
- Se debe proporcionar calzado y overoles resistentes a productos químicos y estar inmediatamente disponibles para su uso en caso de emergencia, como un paquete roto, un derrame o una avería en el equipo.

Los siguientes controles de ingeniería se utilizarán si el producto se envasa sin sonda incorporada.

Los mezcladores y cargadores deben:

- (3) Utilizar un sistema cerrado que cumpla con los requisitos para la protección de la piel enumerados en la Norma de Protección del Trabajador (WPS por sus siglas en inglés) para pesticidas agrícolas [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)].
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- (4) Utilizar el sistema de sonda que se describe a continuación:

SISTEMA DE SONDA

Requisitos específicos para el uso del sistema cerrado de mezcla/carga con sonda:

- Retire el tapón del bidón que contiene este producto solo cuando el bidón esté apoyado en el suelo o sobre una plataforma nivelada y segura, con el tapón hacia arriba.
- **NO** vierta este producto del bidón.
- Transfiera el producto del bidón al tanque de mezcla mediante una manguera de succión conectada por un extremo a la bomba de succión del tanque de mezcla, y por el otro a una sonda (tubo de inmersión) que se inserta a través de la abertura del tapón en el bidón.
- **NO** manipule la sonda ni el tapón de forma que pueda gotear o salpicar el producto sobre usted o cualquier otra persona.
- **NO** toque la parte de la sonda que haya estado en contacto con este producto hasta que la haya enjuagado tres veces con agua.
- Si se ha retirado todo el producto del bidón, enjuague tres veces la sonda mientras permanezca dentro del bidón.

SONDAS SIN ENJUAGAR

- Si es necesario retirar del bidón una sonda sin enjuagar, utilice una brida antigoteo y transfiera la sonda inmediatamente a un envase con agua de enjuague. La brida antigoteo debe estar diseñada para eliminar el exceso de propanil de la sonda al extraerla del bidón.
- Si es necesario desconectar la sonda de la manguera de succión antes de que tanto la sonda como la manguera se hayan enjuagado tres veces, siga estos pasos:
 - o Instale una llave de paso en el extremo de la sonda de la manguera.
 - o Instale un acoplamiento de desconexión en seco entre la válvula y la sonda.
 - o Cierre la llave de paso antes de desconectar la sonda.

TODOS LOS SISTEMAS DE TRANSFERENCIA

Además, los mezcladores y cargadores que utilicen todos los sistemas deberán:

- Use el equipo de protección personal requerido en la sección EPP de este etiquetado para mezcladores, cargadores y manipuladores,
- Use gafas protectoras si el sistema funciona bajo presión, y
- Cuando se utiliza un sistema que cumple con los requisitos de la WPS como un sistema cerrado o se utiliza un sistema de sonda cuando la sonda no se quita, se debe proporcionar calzado resistente a productos químicos, estar inmediatamente disponible y usarse en caso de emergencia, como un paquete roto, un derrame o una avería del equipo.

Todos los sistemas deben ser capaces de eliminar el pesticida del contenedor y transferirlo a tanques de mezcla o equipos de aplicación. En cualquier punto de desconexión, el sistema debe estar equipado con un dispositivo de desconexión en seco o un dispositivo de cierre de acoplamiento seco garantizado por el fabricante, para minimizar el goteo.

Señaladores con banderas: Se prohíbe el bandereo en persona. El uso de bandereo para ayudar a la aplicación aérea, se limita al uso del Sistema de Posicionamiento Global (GPS por sus siglas en inglés) o al de equipo mecánico para el bandereo.

Cabinas cerradas para aplicadores aéreos: Los pilotos deben utilizar una cabina cerrada que cumpla con los requisitos enumerados en la Norma de Protección del Trabajador (WPS por sus siglas en inglés) para pesticidas agrícolas [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

RIESGOS AMBIENTALES

Este producto es tóxico para los peces y los invertebrados acuáticos. Para usos terrestres: **NO** aplique directamente a cuerpos de agua, en áreas donde haya aguas superficiales, o en áreas intermareales que se encuentren bajo el nivel de altura máxima promedio del agua. **NO** contamine cuerpos de agua cuando disponga de las aguas de lavado de equipo o el líquido de enjuague (rinsate). La deriva y la escorrentía pueden ser peligrosas para los organismos acuáticos en aguas adyacentes a las áreas tratadas. **NO** contamine el agua destinada a riego o fines domésticos. **NO** aplique cuando las condiciones climáticas favorezcan la deriva del área a tratar.

Este pesticida (plaguicida) es tóxico para las aves.

Advertencia sobre aguas subterráneas

Se sabe que Bensulfurón-metilo se filtra a través del suelo hacia las aguas subterráneas en determinadas condiciones como resultado del uso agrícola. Este producto químico puede filtrarse a las aguas subterráneas si se utiliza en zonas con suelos permeables, especialmente donde la capa freática es poco profunda.

Se sabe que el propanil y el 3,4-DCA (un importante producto de degradación del propanil) se filtran a través del suelo hacia las aguas subterráneas bajo ciertas condiciones, como resultado del uso indicado en la etiqueta. Este producto químico puede filtrarse a las aguas subterráneas si se utiliza en zonas con suelos permeables, especialmente donde la capa freática es poco profunda.

Advertencia referente a las aguas superficiales

Este producto puede afectar la calidad del agua superficial debido a la escorrentía de aguas pluviales. Esto es especialmente cierto en suelos con mal drenaje y suelos con niveles freáticos poco profundos. Este producto está clasificado por poseer un alto potencial de alcanzar aguas superficiales mediante escorrentía tras varios meses o más después de su aplicación. Una franja de amortiguación vegetal nivelada y bien mantenida entre las áreas donde se aplica este producto y las fuentes de agua superficial, como estanques, arroyos y manantiales, reducirá la posible carga de bensulfurón-metilo del agua de escorrentía y los sedimentos. La escorrentía de este producto se reducirá si se evitan las aplicaciones cuando se prevean lluvias o riego en las próximas 48 horas.

El uso de este producto de forma contraria a lo indicado en su etiqueta constituye una infracción de la ley federal.

ALMACENAMIENTO Y DESECHO

NO contamine el agua, los alimentos ni los forrajes durante el almacenamiento o el desecho.

ALMACENAMIENTO DE PESTICIDAS: Almacene este producto en un lugar fresco y seco, únicamente en su envase original. **NO** lo guarde cerca de fertilizantes, semillas ni otros pesticidas. En caso de derrame, recoja el derrame y deséchelo siguiendo las instrucciones de eliminación de pesticidas que se indican a continuación.

DESECHO DE PESTICIDAS: Los residuos de pesticidas son tóxicos. La disposición inadecuada del exceso de pesticida, de la mezcla de pulverización o del agua de enjuague constituye una infracción de la ley federal. Si estos residuos no pueden ser eliminados de acuerdo con las instrucciones de la etiqueta, contacte la agencia para el manejo de pesticidas o control ambiental de su estado, o el representante para el Manejo de Residuos Peligrosos de la Oficina Regional de la EPA más cercana para obtener indicaciones del proceso a seguir para su disposición.

MANIPULACIÓN DE ENVASES:

Menor o igual a 5 galones: Envase no rellenable. **NO** reutilice ni rellene este envase. Ofrezca para el reciclaje si está disponible. Enjuague tres veces el envase (o equivalente) inmediatamente después de vaciarlo. Enjuague tres veces siguiendo estas indicaciones: vacíe los contenidos restantes en el equipo de aplicación o un tanque de mezcla, y drene por 10 segundos después de que el flujo empiece a gotear. Llene el envase 1/4 lleno con agua y tape de nuevo. Agite por 10 segundos. Vierta el líquido de enjuague (rinsate) en el equipo de aplicación o tanque de mezcla, o almacene el enjuague para uso más tarde o eliminación. Drene por 10 segundos después de que el flujo empiece a gotear. Repita este procedimiento dos veces más. Luego ofrezca para el reciclaje si está disponible o el reacondicionado si está adecuado, o perfore y deseche en un área adecuada para desechos sanitarios o por la incineración.

Más de 5 galones: Envase rellenable. Rellene este envase sólo con pesticida (plaguicida). No utilice este envase para ningún otro propósito. La limpieza del envase antes de su eliminación final es la responsabilidad de la persona que se deshace del envase. La limpieza antes de rellenarlo es responsabilidad de la persona que lo rellena. Para limpiar el envase antes de su eliminación final, vacíe el contenido restante de este envase en el equipo de aplicación o en el tanque de mezcla. Llene el envase con un 10% de agua. Agite vigorosamente o haga recircular el agua con la bomba durante 2 minutos. Vierta o bombee el agua de enjuague en el equipo de aplicación o en el sistema de recolección de agua de enjuague. Repita este procedimiento dos veces más.

Para contenedores y mini-contenedores a granel: Envase rellenable. Rellene este envase sólo con pesticida (plaguicida). No utilice este envase para ningún otro propósito. La limpieza del envase antes de su eliminación final es la responsabilidad de la persona que se deshace del envase. La limpieza antes de rellenarlo es responsabilidad de la persona que lo rellena. Para limpiar el envase antes de su eliminación final, vacíe el contenido restante de este envase en el equipo de aplicación o en el tanque de mezcla. Llene el envase con un 10% de agua. Agite vigorosamente o haga recircular el agua con la bomba durante 2 minutos. Vierta o bombee el agua de enjuague en el equipo de aplicación o en el sistema de recolección de agua de enjuague. Repita este procedimiento dos veces más. Luego ofrezca para el reciclaje si está disponible o perfore y deseche en un área adecuada para desechos sanitarios, o por otros procedimientos aprobados por las autoridades estatales y locales o mediante incineración.

¡EL ENVASE NO ES SEGURO PARA ALIMENTOS, FORRAJES, NI AGUA POTABLE!

BENSULFURON-METHYL	GROUP 2	HERBICIDE
PROPANIL	GROUP 7	HERBICIDE

Imprice

**For Postemergence Control of Broadleaf, Grass,
and Sedge Weeds in Rice Fields.**

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	WT. BY %
3', 4' - Dichloropropionanilide*	41.200%
Methyl 2-[[[[(4, 6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]amino] sulfonyl]methyl]benzoate*	0.325%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	58.475%
TOTAL:	100.000%

*Contains 4 lbs. of propanil and 14 grams of bensulfuron-methyl active ingredient per gallon of formulated product.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you **DO NOT** understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
IF SWALLOWED:	• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have the person sip a glass of water, if able to swallow. • DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	• Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES:	• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with clean water for 15 - 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	• Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
HOTLINE NUMBERS	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222 . For general information about this product, contact the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378 , Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 12 PM PST, or at http://npic.orst.edu .	

**See label booklet for complete Precautionary Statements
and Directions For Use.**

Manufactured For: Sharda USA LLC, 7217 Lancaster Pike, Suite A, Hockessin, Delaware 19707

EPA Reg. No. 83529-393

EPA Est. No. AG 72159-GA-001; MC 89332-GA-001; SC 39578-TX-001

The EPA Establishment Number is identified by the circled letters above that match the first two letters in the batch number.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDOUS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. For terrestrial uses, **DO NOT** apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. **DO NOT** contaminate water intended for irrigation or domestic purposes. **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from area to be treated. This pesticide is toxic to birds. **Groundwater Advisory:** Bensulfuron-methyl is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow. Propanil and 3,4-DCA (a major propanil degradate) are known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow. **Surface Water Advisory:** This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams and springs will reduce the potential loading of bensulfuron-methyl from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be greatly reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this production a manner inconsistent with its labeling. **DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal. **PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store this product in a cool, dry place in its original container only. **DO NOT** store this product near fertilizers, seeds, or other pesticides. If this product is spilled, sweep up the spillage and dispose pursuant to the below Pesticide Disposal instructions. **PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. **CONTAINER HANDLING: Greater Than 5 Gallons:** Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. **For Bulk and Mini-Bulk Containers:** Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** use this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by State and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

Net Contents: ☐ 30 Gals. ☐ 265 Gals.