

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE / PESTICIDA DE USO RESTRINGIDO

May injure (phytotoxic) susceptible non-target plants. / Puede dañar plantas susceptibles no objeto de la aplicación (fitotóxico).
For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification. Commercial and certified applicators must ensure that all persons involved in these activities are informed of the precautionary statements. / Para la venta al por menor y uso únicamente por aplicadores certificados o personas que estén bajo su directa supervisión y únicamente para los usos detallados en el certificado de la Certificación del Aplicador. Los aplicadores comerciales certificados deben asegurar que todas las personas involucradas en estas actividades estén informadas de las declaraciones de precaución.

ISOXAFLUTOLE | GROUP 27 | HERBICIDE

Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC

HERBICIDE

For weed control in field corn, seed corn and corn grown for silage in the states of: AR, AL, CO, DE, GA, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, LA, MI, MN, MO, MS, MT, NE, NJ, NM, NC, ND, MD, OH, OK, PA, SC, SD, TN, TX, VA, WI, WV, and WY

In the state of MN, use is only allowed in accordance with the Minnesota Product Bulletin.

In the state of WI, use is only allowed in accordance with the Wisconsin Product Bulletin.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	WT. BY %
Isoxaflutole [5-cyclopropyl-4-(2-methylsulfonyl-4-trifluoromethylbenzoyl) isoxazole]	20.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	80.0%
TOTAL:	100.0%
Contains 2.00 pounds active ingredient per U.S. gallon.	

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN / MANTÉNGASE FUERA DEL ALCANCE DE LOS NIÑOS CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you **DO NOT** understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See label booklet for complete First Aid, Precautionary Statements,
Directions For Use, and Storage and Disposal.

Manufactured For:

Sharda Cropchem Ltd. 

2nd Floor, Prime Business Park,
Dashrathlal Joshi Rd. Vile Parle [West],
Mumbai - 400056, India

EPA Reg. No. 82633-136

EPA Est. No. **AG** 72159-GA-001; **MC** 89332-GA-001; **SC** 39578-TX-001

The EPA Establishment Number is identified by the circled letters above that match the first two letters in the batch number.

FIRST AID	
IF SWALLOWED:	• Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. • DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	• Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES:	• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present; after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOTLINE NUMBERS	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222 . For general information about this product, contact the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378 , Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 12 PM PST, or at http://npic.orst.edu .	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN	
No specific antidote is available. All treatments needs to be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, natural rubber ≥ 14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥ 14 mils, or Viton ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eye wear

When mixing/loading or cleaning equipment, wear a chemical resistant apron in addition to the other required PPE. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS
Users should: • Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. • Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENT

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Drift or runoff may adversely affect non-target plants. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organism in neighboring areas. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. **DO NOT** use the same spray equipment for other purposes unless thoroughly cleaned. **DO NOT** contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.

Non-Target Organism Advisory

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

Groundwater Advisory

Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC contains isoxaflutole which is known to leach through soil into ground water under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

Surface Water Advisory

Isoxaflutole residues can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, isoxaflutole residues may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water (primarily via dissolution in runoff water) for several weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over laying extremely shallow ground water, areas with in field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas over laying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

In fields having sands, loamy sands, and sandy loam soils, special care should be taken not to over-irrigate since substantial over-irrigation promotes the leaching of chemicals.

This pesticide is toxic to some plants at very low concentrations. Non-target plants may be adversely affected if the pesticide is allowed to drift from areas of application. Exposure to isoxaflutole residues may injure or kill susceptible plants. Symptoms of phytotoxicity as a result of exposure to isoxaflutole include whitening or chlorosis of the foliage of affected plants. Cotton is particularly susceptible to isoxaflutole; therefore, exposure of cotton to isoxaflutole residues may affect cotton yield. To prevent damage to crops and other desirable plants, read and follow all directions and precautions on this label before using.

This product may not be mixed or loaded within 50 feet of any wells (including abandoned wells and drainage wells), sink holes, perennial or intermittent streams and rivers, and natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. This setback does not apply to properly capped or plugged abandoned wells and does not apply to impervious pad or properly diked mixing/loading areas.

Operations that involve mixing, loading, rinsing, or washing of this product into or from pesticide handling or application equipment or containers within 50 feet of any well are prohibited unless conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be positioned on or moved across the pad. Such a pad shall be designed and maintained to contain any product spills or equipment leaks, container, or equipment rinse or washwater and rainwater that may fall on the pad. Surface water shall not be allowed to either flow over or from the pad, which means the pad must be self-contained. The pad shall be sloped to facilitate material removal. An unroofed pad shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum 110% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to exclude completely precipitation from contact shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum of 100% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. Containment capacities as described above shall be maintained at all times. The above specific minimum containment capacities **DO NOT** apply to vehicles when delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading site. States may have in effect additional requirements regarding wellhead setbacks and operational containment.

Product must be used in a manner which will prevent back siphoning in wells, spills or improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures or rinsates.

Endangered Species Advisory/Protection Requirements

This product may have effects on federally listed threatened or endangered species or their critical habitat in some locations. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the Endangered Species Protection Bulletin for the county or parish in which you are applying the pesticide. To determine whether your county or parish has a Bulletin, and to obtain that Bulletin, consult <http://www.epa.gov/espp/>, or call 1-800-447-3813 no more than 6 months before using this product. Applicators must use Bulletins that are in effect in the month in which the pesticide will be applied. New Bulletins will be available from the above sources 6 months prior to their effective dates.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read the entire label before using this product.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

For Important crop safety information, refer to the Use Directions section under the specific crop.

In Minnesota, this product must only be used in accordance with the Minnesota Product Bulletin. The Minnesota Product Bulletin, which accompanies the sale and packaging of the product, must be in possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

In Wisconsin, this product must only be used in accordance with the Wisconsin Product Bulletin. The Wisconsin Product Bulletin, which accompanies the sale and packaging of the product, must be in possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas (that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water), is:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Socks plus chemical resistant footwear
- Protective eyewear

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC:

- Is a selective herbicide for control of important broadleaf and grass weeds infesting field corn, seed corn and corn grown for silage.
- Is formulated as a suspension concentrate (SC) containing 2 pounds isoxaflutole active ingredient per gallon. Contains the active ingredient isoxaflutole which is an HPPO inhibitor mode of action that controls weeds by inhibiting enzymes that are essential to the protection of chlorophyll in plant leaves.
- Is effective in controlling glyphosate-, triazine-, PPO-, ALS- and auxin-herbicide resistant populations of weed species.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC:

- May be used in either conventional, conservation tillage, or no-till crop management systems.
- May be applied either preplant surface applied or incorporated (less than 2" deep), preemergence, or early postemergence.
- Will provide its most effective weed control when applied and subsequently moved into the soil by rainfall, sprinkler irrigation or mechanical tillage prior to weed emergence.
- May be tank mixed or applied in sequential applications with other herbicides to control additional weeds.
- May be applied using either water carrier or sprayable grade fluid fertilizer as a liquid carrier.
- May be applied by ground application only. Aerial application is not permitted.
- May be applied as either a broadcast spray or as a band application.

Refer to the **SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS** section of this label for additional application information specific from each registered use of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**.

Ground Application (Banding)

Banding herbicide application equipment must be carefully calibrated to prevent crop exposure to concentrations of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** that exceed the labeled rate for the soil type. It is critical to insure that the calibrated band width equates to actual band width realized in field applications. Bands actually delivered at a width narrower than targeted will concentrate the product and increase the risk for crop response. Even flat spray tip nozzles and a band width of no less than 12" must be used.

Apply a broadcast equivalent rate and volume per acre. The following equations may be used to make the required calculations as follows:

$$\frac{\text{band width (inches)}}{\text{row width (inches)}} \times \text{broadcast rate per acre} = \text{banding rate per acre}$$

$$\frac{\text{band width (inches)}}{\text{row width (inches)}} \times \text{broadcast spray volume per acre} = \text{banding spray volume per acre}$$

Ground Application (Broadcast)

Apply **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** either alone or in tank mixtures in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray mixture per acre. Uniform, thorough spray coverage is important to achieve consistent weed control. Keep the spray boom at the lowest possible spray height above the target surface. Refer to nozzle manufacturer's specifications for proper nozzle, pressure setting, and sprayer speed for optimum product performance and minimal spray drift. Uneven application, sprayers not properly calibrated, or improper incorporation may decrease the level of weed control and/or increase the level of adverse crop response. Maintain constant ground speed while applying product to ensure proper distribution. **DO NOT** overlap spray patterns beyond equipment manufacturers specifications as excessive rates may result in adverse crop responses and potential stand loss. Maintain adequate agitation at all times, including momentary stops.

USE RESTRICTIONS

Use on coarse textured soils with a shallow water table

- In the states of AL, AR, CO, DE, GA, KS, KY, LA, MD, MO, MS, NC, NM, OK, SC, TN, TX, VA, and WV, if the water table (i.e., level of saturation) is less than 25 feet below the ground surface, **DO NOT** use on soils meeting all three of the following criteria. If the water table depth is unknown, **DO NOT** use on any of the soils meeting all three of the following criteria. If less than three criteria are met or the water table is greater than 25 feet below the ground surface, there is no restriction against application:
 - o The surface soil texture is loamy sand or sand.
 - o The subsoil texture is loamy sand or sand.
 - o The average organic matter (in the upper 12 inches) is less than 2% by weight.
- In the states of IA, IL, IN, MI, MT, ND, NE, NJ, OH, PA, SD, and WY, if the water table (i.e., level of saturation) is less than 25 feet below the ground surface, **DO NOT** use on soils meeting all three of the following criteria. If the water table depth is unknown, **DO NOT** use on any of the soils meeting all three of the following criteria. If less than three criteria are met or the water table is greater than 25 feet below the ground surface, there is no restriction against application:
 - o The surface soil texture is sandy loam, loamy sand, or sand.
 - o The subsoil texture is loamy sand or sand.
 - o The average organic matter (in the upper 12 inches) is less than 2% by weight.

For the state of Kansas (KS) Only

If the water table (i.e., level of saturation) is less than 25 feet below the ground surface, **DO NOT** apply to the following vulnerable loamy sand or sand soils. If the water table is unknown, **DO NOT** apply **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** to a restricted soil.

Aline	Eis	Haxtun	Lincoln	Thurman
Bankard	Elsmere	Inavale	Pratt	Tivoli
Dillwyn	Goltry	Kanza	Sarpy	Valent
Dix	Goodnight	Las Animas	Schamber	Valentine
Dwyer	Gracemore	Likes	Simeon	

If a field contains several soil types, one of which is a vulnerable soil listed above, and the water table is less than 25 feet, **DO NOT** apply **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**.

For the state of Missouri (MO) Only

In the state of MO, **DO NOT** use in the following counties: Butler, Cape Girardeau, Dunklin, Mississippi, New Madrid, Pemiscot, Scott, and Stoddard. If the water table (i.e., level of saturation) is less than 25 feet below the ground surface, **DO NOT** apply to the following vulnerable loamy sand or sand soils. If the water table is unknown, **DO NOT** apply **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** to a restricted soil.

Alvin	Carr	Eustis	Malden	Scotco
Beulah	Clana	Finchford	Plainfield	Shelldrake
Bruno	Crevasse	Hodge	Sandbur	Sparta
Canalou	Diehlstadt	Landes	Sarpy	Wideman

If a field contains several soil types, one of which is a vulnerable soil listed above, and the water table is less than 25 feet, **DO NOT** apply **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**.

- **DO NOT** apply more than 6.0 fluid ounces (0.094 lb. of isoxaflutole) per acre of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** per year or exceed the maximum labeled rate for any given soil type.
- **DO NOT** apply this product using aerial application equipment.
- **DO NOT** apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- **DO NOT** use flood or furrow irrigation to apply, activate, or incorporate this product.
- **DO NOT** irrigate **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** into coarse soils at planting time when soils are saturated.
- **DO NOT** allow cover crops in fields treated with **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** to be grazed by livestock or harvested for food.
- **DO NOT** apply tank-mixes of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** with organophosphate or carbamate insecticides to emerged corn. Foliar applications of an organophosphate or carbamate insecticides must not be made within 7 days of an application of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** or crop injury may result.
- To prevent off-site movement of soil containing this product to non-target areas, **DO NOT** apply **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** to areas receiving less than 15 inches of average annual precipitation unless supplemented to at least the equivalent of 15 inches of annual precipitation with irrigation water.
- **DO NOT** apply solo HPPD inhibitor postemergence herbicides to corn that has been treated with **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** in the same year.
- **DO NOT** use COC, MSO, or a loaded glyphosate formulation with **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** applied to emerged field corn.
- In the state of MN, use is only allowed in accordance with the Minnesota Product Bulletin. The Minnesota Product Bulletin, which accompanies the sale and packaging of this product, must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.
- In the state of WI, use is only allowed in accordance with the Wisconsin Product Bulletin. The Wisconsin Product Bulletin, which accompanies the sale and packaging of this product, must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

Refer to the **SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS** and restrictions in each specific **Crop** section.

HERBICIDE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** is a Group 27 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** and other Group 27 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies need to be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** or other Group 27 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout before and after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method including hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact a Sharda Cropchem Ltd. representative.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT REQUIREMENTS

DO NOT aerially apply this product.

Ground Applications

- Apply with the nozzle height directed by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy. For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium or coarser spray droplet size (ASAE S572.3).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

Boom-less Ground Applications

- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASAE S572.3) for all applications.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

Importance of Droplet Size

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- **Volume** - Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- **Pressure** - Use the lowest spray pressure directed for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- **Spray Nozzle** - Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

- **Adjust Nozzles** - Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

Boom-less Ground Applications

Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

Handheld Technology Applications

Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

COMPATIBILITY TESTING AND TANK MIX PARTNERS

Compatibility

If **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** is to be tank mixed with liquid fertilizers or other pesticides, compatibility needs to be tested prior to mixing. To test for compatibility, use a small container and mix a small amount (0.5 to 1 qt.) of spray, combining all ingredients in the same ratio as the anticipated use. If any indications of physical incompatibility develop, **DO NOT** use this mixture for spraying.

Indications of incompatibility usually will appear within 5 - 15 minutes after mixing. Read and follow all parts of the label of each tank-mix product.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Order of Mixing

Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC may be used with other specified pesticides, fertilizers, and micronutrients.

The proper mixing procedure for **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**, with water or liquid fertilizer as a carrier:

1. Fill the spray tank 1/4 to 1/2 of the required volume of water or liquid fertilizer prior to the addition of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**.
2. Add the proper amount of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**, then add the rest of the water or liquid fertilizer to the desired level.
3. Maintain sufficient agitation to ensure a uniform spray mixture during application.
4. If **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** is applied in a tank mixture with other pesticides, add **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** to the spray tank first and ensure it is thoroughly dispersed before adding other pesticides.
5. Continue to fill the tank with carrier to the desired volume while agitating. Continue agitation during application to ensure a uniform spray mixture.

RE-SUSPENDING SC PRODUCTS IN SPRAY SOLUTION

Like other suspension concentrates (SCs), **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** will settle if left standing without agitation. If the spray solution is allowed to settle for one hour or more, reagitate the spray solution for a minimum of 10 minutes before application.

Equipment Cleanup Procedures

To avoid injury or exposure to non-target crops, thoroughly clean all mixing and spray equipment, including pumps, nozzles, lines, and screens with a good quality tank cleaner, on an approved rise pad or on the field site where an approved crop is to be grown. Mix only as much cleaning solution as needed.

1. Flush tank, hoses, boom, and nozzles with clean water.
2. Use a pressure washer with a high quality commercial spray tank cleaner in water to clean the inside of the spray tank. Take care to wash all parts of the tank, including the inside top surface. If a pressure washer is not available, completely fill the sprayer with the cleaning solution to ensure contact of the cleaning solution with all internal surfaces of the tank and plumbing. Start agitation in the sprayer and thoroughly recirculate the cleaning solution for at least 15 minutes. All visible deposits must be removed from the spraying system.
3. Flush hoses, spray lines, and nozzles for at least 1 minute with the cleaning solution.
4. Dispose of rinsate from steps 1 - 3 in an appropriate manner.
5. Repeat steps 2 - 4.
6. Remove nozzles, screens, and strainers and clean separately in the cleaning solution after completing the above procedures.
7. Rinse the complete spraying system with clean water.
8. For cleanup, use an approved rinse pad or the field site where an approved crop is to be grown.

ROTATIONAL CROPS

Rotational crops vary in their crop response to low concentrations of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** remaining in the soil. The amount of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** that may be present in the soil depends on soil moisture, soil temp, application rate, elapsed time since application, and other environmental factors. When **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** is used in combination with other products, always follow the most restrictive rotational crop requirements. The following rotational crops may be planted after applying **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**:

Crop	Geography	Rotational Interval (Months)	Minimum Precipitation Requirement ¹
Corn (Field)	All	0	None
Wheat, Triticale, Cereal and rye	All	4	
Soybeans, Barley, Sweet corn, Popcorn, Potato, Grain Sorghum, and Sunflower	All	6	
Alfalfa, Cotton, Rice	All	10	15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop. ²
Sugar beets	East of the Mississippi River		
Peanut	All	11	
Tobacco	All	12	
Sugar beets	West of the Mississippi River	18	
All other crops ³	All		

¹ The amount of cumulative precipitation required before planting a rotational crop is in addition to the required rotational interval given in months.

² Furrow or flood irrigation not to be included in total. No more than 7 inches of overhead irrigation included in total.

³ All other crops may be seeded only after the completion of a successful bioassay after a **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** application. Refer to the **Field/Small Scale Bioassay** section.

In the event of crop failure: If the corn crop treated with **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** is lost, only field corn and corn grown for silage may be replanted immediately. **DO NOT** make an additional application of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**.

Cover Crops

Use of cover crops as a means of soil improvement, erosion control, weed and/or insect suppression, etc., following harvest of corn in the Fall is increasing. Planting of cover crops in fields treated with **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** is allowed as long as these cover crops are not grazed by livestock nor harvested for food. Cover crops are to be tilled under or chemically controlled with burndown herbicides in the spring. Many cover crops can be planted within 90 - 120 days after application of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**. However, all potential cover crops have not been evaluated for sensitivity to **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** and significant injury may occur. Prior to seeding a cover crop, complete a successful field/home bioassay to provide an indication of the level of sensitivity to the prior **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** application. Refer to the **Field/Small Scale Bioassay** section. If used in tank mixtures with other herbicides, always follow the most restrictive label.

Field/Small Scale Bioassay

A **Field/Small Scale Bioassay** must be completed before rotating to a cover crop other than those specified in the **Rotational Crop Restrictions** section of this label. To conduct an effective **field bioassay**, grow strips of the crop(s) you intend to grow the following season in a field previously treated with **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**. The test strip must be placed in a controlled area and include low areas and knolls, and include variations in soil including type and pH. Crop response to the bioassay will determine if the crop(s) grown in the test strips can be grown safely in the areas previously treated with **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**.

For an effective **small scale bioassay**, collect uniform samples of all soil types from the **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**-treated field (see example above for types of soil in the sample) and place the soil into a sturdy container. Plant the desired cover crop into the soil, apply water and place the container in a warm, sunny area to allow germination and growth of the crop. Monitor growth of the cover crop over a three to four week period. If the cover crop emerges and grows normally, the risk to establish and grow the cover crop in the **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**-treated field must be acceptable.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC applied as directed in this label will control or suppress the weeds listed below. Additional weeds may be controlled with tank mixtures or sequential applications (refer to the **TANK MIX INSTRUCTIONS** section of this label). Always refer to the tank mix partner labels for specific use rates and additional instructions.

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED			
Broadleaf Weeds	Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC Herbicide Alone	Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC plus Atrazine or Premixes containing Atrazine	Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC plus pre-emerge grass herbicide
Amaranth, Palmer	C	C	C
Buffalobur	C	C	C
Burcucumber	PC	PC	PC
Buttercup, small flower	C	C	C
Carpetweed			C
Chamomile spp.	C	C	C
Chickweed, common	C	C	C
Clover, purple ¹	PC	C	PC
Clover, white ¹	PC	C	PC
Cocklebur ¹		C	
Copperleaf, hophornbeam	C	C	C
Dandelion (seedling)	C	C	C
Deadnettle, purple	C	C	C
Galinsoga	C	C	C
Henbit	PC	C	PC
Jimsonweed	C	C	C
Kochia	C	C	C
Lambsquarters, common	C	C	C
Mallow, Venice	C	C	C
Marestail	C	C	C
Medic, black	PC	C	PC
Morningglory, annual ¹		C	
Wild mustard	C	C	C
Nightshade, black	C	C	C
Nightshade, eastern black	C	C	C
Nightshade, hairy			C
Pennycress, field	C	C	C
Pepperweed, virginia	C	C	C
Pigweed, prostrate	C	C	C
Pigweed, redroot	C	C	C
Pigweed, smooth	C	C	C
Plantain, broadleaf ¹	PC	C	PC

(continued)

WEEDS CONTROLLED (continued)

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED (continued)			
Broadleaf Weeds	Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC Herbicide Alone	Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC plus Atrazine or Premixes containing Atrazine	Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC plus pre-emerge grass herbicide
Purslane, common	C	C	C
Radish, wild	C	C	
Ragweed, common	C	C	C
Ragweed, giant ¹	PC	C	PC
Russian Thistle	C	C	C
Shepherds-purse	C	C	C
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	C	C	C
Speedwell, corn	PC	C	PC
Spurge, toothed	C	C	C
Sunflower, wild ¹		C	
Velvetleaf	C	C	C
Violet, field ¹	PC	C	PC
Waterhemp, common	C	C	C
Waterhemp, tall	C	C	C
C = Control PC = Partial Control ²			
¹ These weeds may require a postemergence application of dicamba or other appropriate postemergence herbicides.			
² Partially controlled weeds will be stunted in growth and/or be reduced in number as compared to non-treated areas; performance may not be commercially acceptable. The degree of weed control will vary with weed size, density, spray coverage, and/or growing conditions.			

GRASS/SEDGES CONTROLLED			
Broadleaf Weeds	Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC Herbicide Alone	Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC plus Atrazine or Premixes containing Atrazine	Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC plus pre-emerge grass herbicide
Barnyardgrass	C	C	C
Bluegrass, annual	PC	C	PC
Crabgrass, large	C	C	C
Crabgrass, smooth	C	C	C
Cupgrass, woolly ¹	C	C	C
Foxtail, bristly	C	C	C
Foxtail, giant	C	C	C
Foxtail, green	C	C	C
Foxtail, robust purple	C	C	C
Foxtail, robust white	C	C	C

(continued)

WEEDS CONTROLLED (continued)

GRASS/SEDGES CONTROLLED (continued)			
Broadleaf Weeds	Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC Herbicide Alone	Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC plus Atrazine or Premixes containing Atrazine	Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC plus pre-emerge grass herbicide
Foxtail, yellow ¹	C	C	C
Goosegrass	C	C	C
Johnsongrass, seedling	C	C	C
Panicum, fall	C	C	C
Panicum, Texas	C	C	C
Proso millet, wild ¹	C	C	C
Sandbur, field ¹	PC	PC	PC
Shattercane ²	PC	PC	PC
Signalgrass, broadleaf ¹	C	C	C
Witchgrass			C
C = Control PC = Partial Control ²			
¹ These weeds may require the addition of a pre-emerge grass herbicide tank-mix partner or an appropriate post-emergence herbicide application for control of late season escapes.			
² Partially controlled weeds will be stunted in growth and/or be reduced in number as compared to non-treated areas; performance may not be commercially acceptable. The degree of weed control will vary with weed size, density, spray coverage, and/or growing conditions.			

SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
CORN

(Field Corn, Seed Corn, and Corn Grown for Silage)

Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC may be used in either conventional, conservation tillage, or no-till crop management systems and may be applied either preplant or preplant incorporated (less than 2" deep), preemergence, or early postemergence.

Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC treatments are most effective in controlling weeds when adequate rainfall is received within 14 days after application. If cultivation is necessary because of soil crusting, soil compaction, or weed germination before rain occurs, use shallow tillage including rotary hoe to lightly incorporate **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**. Make certain corn seeds are below the tilled area. If treated soil is moved during tillage practices in such a way that the herbicide barrier is no longer intact, weeds may emerge from areas where treated soil has been removed. **DO NOT** incorporate with a drag harrow after planting.

APPLICATION RATES					
Application Timing ¹	Maximum Fluid Ounces of Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC per Acre for Soil Type				
	Soil Texture				
	Coarse Soils: Sand, Loamy sand, Sandy loam		Medium Soils: Loam, Silt loam, Silt, Sandy clay loam		Fine Soils: Silty clay loam, Clay loam, Sandy clay, Silty clay, Clay
	1.5% O.M. ² or less	> 1.5% O.M.	1.5% O.M. or less	> 1.5% O.M.	
Preplant (Surface Applied or Incorporated): Early 8 to 30 days prior to planting	4.0 (0.063 lb. a.i./A)	5.0 (0.078 lb. a.i./A)	6.0 (0.094 lb. a.i./A)		
Preplant (Surface Applied or Incorporated): 0 to 7 days prior to planting Preemergence Early postemergence	3.0 (0.047 lb. a.i./A)	4.0 (0.063 lb. a.i./A)	5.0 (0.078 lb. a.i./A)	6.0 (0.094 lb. a.i./A)	

¹ Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC may be applied up to 30 days prior to planting when used in a planned sequential application program followed by post applied herbicides.

² O.M. = Organic Matter by weight

Application of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** at less than listed rates for the appropriate soil will only provide suppression of sensitive weeds.

RESTRICTIONS FOR USE

- **DO NOT** apply more than 6.0 fluid ounces (0.094 lb. of a.i.) of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** per acre in a single application or exceed the maximum labeled rate for any given soil type.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 6.0 fluid ounces (0.094 lb. of a.i.) per acre of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** per year or exceed the maximum labeled rate for any given soil type.
- **DO NOT** apply more than two applications of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** per acre per year at reduced rates.
- **DO NOT** exceed from all sources 0.094 pound per acre of isoxaflutole per year in corn.
- **DO NOT** exceed from all sources 0.20 pound per acre per of cyprosulphamide per year in corn.
- **DO NOT** apply tank-mixes of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** with organophosphate or carbamate insecticides to emerged corn. Foliar applications of an organophosphate or carbamate insecticides must not be made within 7 days of an application of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** or crop injury may result.
- Harvest of corn forage is permitted at 45 days or more after an early postemergence treatment of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**.

PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

- **Planting depth:** Corn seed must be planted a minimum of 1 1/2 inches deep and must be completely covered with soil and furrow firmed or reduced crop stand or injury may occur.
- **Effect of variable soils on use rate:** The proper use rate of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** is affected by several soil factors, including soil texture, organic matter, and soil pH. Soils which contain variations in one or more of these factors in a given area are termed variable soils and may be more likely to incur localized corn injury symptoms from an application of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**. Characteristics of localized soil variants that are more likely to incur injury are a more coarse soil texture, a lower organic matter and/or a higher pH (alkaline/calcareous soil) than other areas of the same field and include, among others, clay knolls, eroded hill sides, and terracing with scraped exposed subsoil. The user is responsible for selecting the rate of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** that is appropriate for all soils in the area of application.
- **Effect of adverse weather:** Following an application of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**, extended periods of cool/cold, wet conditions (cool/cold daytime/nighttime temperatures, saturated soil conditions, recurring rainfall events, etc.) during corn seed germination and/or early crop development period may result in temporary crop injury. Injury symptoms may appear as leaf tissue bleaching (whitening) and/or crop stunting. Corn plants usually recover from this injury without affecting yield.
- **Corn hybrids and certain male pollinators:** Corn hybrids and certain male pollinators within blended corn varieties vary in their response to **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**. Not all hybrids or male pollinators within blended corn varieties have been tested for sensitivity to **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**. You need to consult with your seed provider, your local Sharda Cropchem Ltd. representative, and/or other knowledgeable agricultural professionals for advice on sensitivity of hybrids or varieties containing male pollinator lines before applying **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC**. If the sensitivity of a hybrid or variety containing a male pollinator line is not known, you must apply **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** to a small area to first determine if the hybrid is sensitive prior to spraying large acreages of that hybrid.

APPLICATION TIMING

Preplant Surface-Applied

Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC may be applied up to 21 days before planting corn. **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** may be applied up to 30 days prior to planting when used in a planned sequential application program including **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** followed by postemergence applied herbicides appropriate for control of the target weeds. Refer to the label of the respective sequential partner for **SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS**. Split applications of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** can be made. It is specified that 60 percent of the listed broadcast rate (refer to **APPLICATION RATE** table) be applied 15 to 30 days prior to planting and the remaining 40 percent applied at planting. Total **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** applied may not exceed the listed rate for a preplant treatment on the predominate soil type in the field. Moving treated soil out of the row or moving untreated soil to the surface during planting may result in reduced weed control.

Preplant Incorporated

Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC may be applied up to 21 days before planting field corn; up to 30 days prior to planting when used in a planned sequential application program including **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** followed by postemergence applied herbicides appropriate for control of the target weeds. Refer to all parts of the respective sequential partner label for **SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS**. Apply to the soil and uniformly incorporate in the top two inches of soil before planting using a finishing disc, field cultivator or similar implement capable of providing uniform two inch incorporation. **DO NOT** incorporate **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** deeper than 2" or weed control may be reduced.

Preplant/Preemerg Burndown

When weeds are present at the time of treatment and prior to corn emergence, a tank mixture of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** with COC or MSO is advised for burndown of labeled weeds 3" or less in height. When weeds are greater than 3" in height or weeds not controlled by **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** are present, the addition of a burndown herbicide (e.g., dicamba), paraquat, glyphosate, or 2,4-D) is advised. If giant ragweed, common cocklebur, henbit, Pennsylvania smartweed, or purple deadnettle are present at the time of application, the addition of atrazine will improve control. Observe directions for use and precautions and restrictions on the label of the burndown herbicide. When mixing with liquid nitrogen fertilizer or certain glyphosate formulations, substitute a non-ionic surfactant for crop oil concentrate.

Preemergence

Apply **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** during planting (behind the planter after furrow closure) or after planting but before weeds or crop emerge. Failure to thoroughly close and firm the seed furrow may allow herbicide to directly contact the seed which can cause injury.

Early Postemergence

Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC, alone or in tank mixture with atrazine, may be applied to corn from spiking through the 2 leaf-collar growth stage (V2, the first leaf has a rounded tip). **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** may not provide control of emerged weeds larger than a 1 true leaf stage. Tank-mixtures with other herbicides or adjuvants are not advised for early postemergence applications of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** as crop response symptoms including bleaching, leave edge necrosis, and stunting may result. **DO NOT** use COC, MSO, or a loaded glyphosate formulation with **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** applied to emerged field corn.

Early postemergence applications of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** must be made in water as the carrier. Sprayable fluid fertilizer as an herbicide carrier for early postemergence applications in corn can typically cause corn injury up to and including tissue burn (necrosis). Sprayable fluid fertilizer as a carrier is not advised for use with **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** after crop emergence unless typical fertilizer burn symptoms on the crop are acceptable.

DO NOT apply tank-mixes of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** with organophosphate or carbamate insecticides to emerged corn. Foliar applications of an organophosphate or carbamate insecticides must not be made within 7 days of an application of **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** or crop injury may result.

TANK MIX INSTRUCTIONS

It is the pesticides user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all products labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC may be used in tank mixture with other herbicides for improved control of certain broadleaf and grass weeds in corn. Preplant/preemergence/early postemergence tank mixtures with **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** include but are not limited to those listed. Refer to and follow all parts of the label of each tank-mix partner.

Tank-mix combinations may be used in either conventional, conservation tillage, or no-till cropping systems and applied at the same timings as **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** unless otherwise specified in the tank mix label.

Multiple tank mixtures are allowed unless otherwise specified by the respective product labels. Check all tank-mix product labels for proper rates and compatibilities for multiple tank-mixes.

Possible Preplant/Preemergence Tank Mix Partners for Additional Weed Control – Not Containing A Triazine Herbicide	Possible Preplant/Preemergence Tank Mix Partners for Additional Weed Control – Containing A Triazine Herbicide	Possible Early Postemergence ¹ Tank Mix Partners for Additional Weed Control
acetochlor dicamba dimethenamid-P fluthiacet-methyl glufosinate glyphosate pendimethalin pyroxasulfone s-metachlor saflufenacil 2, 4-D	acetochlor atrazine simazine	atrazine dicamba
¹ See instructions in APPLICATION TIMING section of this label for early postemergence tank mixtures, adjuvants, and carrier solutions for directions on the use of tank mixtures with Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC after crop emergence.		

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container away from feed and food. Store in cool, dry area. **DO NOT** store in direct sunlight. **DO NOT** allow prolonged storage in temperatures that exceed 105°F (40°C) or in temperatures that fall below 14°F (-10°C).

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

CONTAINER HANDLING Less Than 5 Gallons: Nonrefillable plastic container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or mix tank or store rinsate for later use and disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

CONTAINER HANDLING Greater Than 5 Gallons: Nonrefillable plastic container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

CONTAINER HANDLING For Bulk and Mini-Bulk Containers: Refillable plastic container. Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** use this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by State and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER STATEMENT

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following

Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury is not expected when applying end-use products, according to label directions and restrictions, that are formulated using this manufacturing use only product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, SHARDA CROPCHEM LTD. MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Sharda Cropchem Ltd. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, SHARDA CROPCHEM LTD. DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT SHARDA CROPCHEM LTD.'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

PRIMEROS AUXILIOS	
SI SE INGIERE:	- Llame inmediatamente a un centro de control de intoxicaciones o a un médico para consejo sobre tratamiento. NO induzca el vómito a menos que así se lo indique un centro de control de envenenamientos o un médico. Si la persona puede tragar, haga que tome pequeños sorbos de un vaso de agua. NO administre nada por boca a una persona que haya perdido el conocimiento.
SI CAE EN LA PIEL O LA ROPA:	- Quítese la ropa contaminada. - Enjuague la piel inmediatamente con bastante agua por 15 - 20 minutos. - Llame al centro de control de envenenamientos o a un médico para consejo de tratamiento.
SI ENTRA EN CONTACTO CON LOS OJOS:	- Mantenga el ojo abierto y enjuáguelo lenta y cuidadosamente con agua, durante 15 a 20 minutos. - Si utiliza lentes de contacto, retírelos después de los primeros 5 minutos, luego continúe enjuagando los ojos. - Llame al centro de control de envenenamientos o a un médico para consejo de tratamiento.
NÚMERO DE TELÉFONO DIRECTO	
Cuando llame a un centro de control de envenenamiento, o a un médico, o intente obtener tratamiento, tenga a la mano el recipiente o la etiqueta del producto. Para información emergencia sobre este producto, llame al centro de control de envenenamientos a 1-800-222-1222 . Para información general sobre este producto, contacte al Centro Nacional de Información de Pesticidas (NPIC, por sus siglas en inglés) a 1-800-858-7378 , Lunes a Viernes, 8 AM a 12 PM PST (hora del Pacífico), o a http://npic.orst.edu .	
NOTA AL MÉDICO	
No existe un antídoto específico. Todos los tratamientos deben basarse en las señales y síntomas de angustia observados en el paciente. Puede haber ocurrido una sobreexposición a otros materiales además de este producto.	

DECLARACIONES PREVENTIVAS
RIESGOS PARA LOS SERES HUMANOS Y ANIMALES DOMÉSTICOS
PRECAUCIÓN

Dañino si se ingiere. Dañino si se absorbe por la piel. Causa irritación moderada en los ojos. Evite el contacto con la piel, los ojos o ropa. Lávese con abundante agua y jabón luego de manejar (pesticidas) y antes de comer, beber, masticar chicle, utilizar tabaco, o usar al baño. Quítese y lave la ropa contaminada antes de reutilizarla.

EQUIPO DE PROTECCIÓN PERSONAL (PPE, por sus siglas en inglés)

Los aplicadores y otros manipuladores deberán usar:

- Camisa de manga larga y pantalones largos
- Guantes resistentes a productos químicos fabricados con laminado de barrera, goma de butilo ≥ 14 mils, goma de nitrilo ≥ 14 mils, goma de neopreno ≥ 14 mils, goma natural ≥ 14 mils, polietileno, cloruro de polivinilo (PVC) ≥ 14 mils, o Viton ≥ 14 mils
- Zapatos y calcetines
- Lentes o gafas protectoras

Al mezclar, cargar o limpiar equipos, utilice delantal resistente a productos químicos además del otro EPP requerido. Deseche la ropa y otros materiales absorbentes que hayan sido empapados o muy contaminados con el concentrado de este producto. **NO** vuelva a reutilizarlos.

REQUISITOS DE SEGURIDAD DEL USUARIO

Siga las instrucciones del fabricante para la limpieza y el mantenimiento del equipo de protección personal (PPE, por sus siglas en inglés). En caso de no existir dichas instrucciones de lavado, utilice detergente y agua caliente. Mantenga y lave el PPE por separado del resto de la ropa.

RECOMENDACIONES DE SEGURIDAD DEL USUARIO

Los usuarios deben:

- Quítese la ropa o equipo de protección personal (PPE) inmediatamente si entra pesticida. Lávese bien y póngase ropa limpia.
- Quítese equipo de protección personal (PPE) inmediatamente después de manipular este producto. Lave el exterior de los guantes antes de quitárselos. Lávese bien y póngase ropa limpia lo antes posible.

DECLARACIÓN DE CONTROL TÉCNICO

Cuando los manipuladores de este producto utilizan sistemas cerrados o cabinas cerradas de conformidad con los requisitos estipulados en el Estándar para la Protección del Trabajador (WPS, según siglas en inglés) relativos a los pesticidas agrícolas [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6)], es posible reducir o modificar los requisitos relativos al equipo protector personal del manipulador, según lo especificado en el WPS.

RIESGOS AMBIENTALES

La deriva o la escorrentía pueden afectar negativamente a las plantas no objetivo. La deriva o el rociado y las escorrentías pueden ser peligrosas para los organismos acuáticos en aguas adyacentes a las áreas tratadas. **NO** aplique directamente a cuerpos de agua, en áreas donde haya aguas superficiales, o en áreas intermareales que se encuentren bajo el nivel de altura máxima promedio del agua. **NO** contamine cuerpos de agua cuando disponga de las aguas de lavado de equipo o aguas de enjuague. **NO** aplicar cuando las condiciones meteorológicas favorezcan la dispersión del producto desde las áreas tratadas. **NO** utilice el mismo equipo de pulverización para otros fines a menos que esté completamente limpio. **NO** contamine el agua utilizada para riego o fines domésticos.

Aviso sobre organismos no objetivo

Este producto es tóxico para las plantas y puede afectar negativamente al forraje y al hábitat de organismos no objetivo, incluidos los polinizadores, en zonas adyacentes al lugar tratado. Proteja el forraje y el hábitat de los organismos no objetivo siguiendo las instrucciones de la etiqueta destinadas a minimizar la deriva de la aspersión.

ADVERTENCIA SOBRE AGUAS SUBTERRÁNEAS

Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC contiene isoxaflutole, una sustancia que se filtra a través del suelo hacia aguas subterráneas poco profundas, bajo determinadas condiciones como resultado del uso agrícola. El uso de **Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC** puede resultar en la contaminación de las aguas subterráneas en áreas donde los suelos son permeables, especialmente donde la capa freática se encuentra a poca profundidad.

Advertencia referente a las aguas superficiales

Los residuos de isoxaflutole pueden contaminar aguas superficiales a través de la deriva de la pulverización. Bajo algunas condiciones, los residuos del producto también presentan un elevado potencial de escorrentía hacia aguas superficiales (principalmente mediante su disolución en el agua de escorrentía) durante varias semanas posteriores a la aplicación. Esto ocurre especialmente en suelos con mal drenaje o húmedos con pendientes claramente visibles hacia aguas superficiales adyacentes, áreas frecuentemente inundadas, áreas sobre aguas subterráneas extremadamente poco profundas, áreas con canales o zanjas que drenan hacia aguas superficiales, áreas no separadas de aguas superficiales adyacentes con franjas de vegetación filtrante, y áreas con sistemas de drenaje subterráneo que drenan hacia aguas superficiales.

En campos con suelos arenosos, arenosos limosos y franco arenosos, se debe extremar la precaución para evitar la sobre-irrigación, ya que esta práctica puede favorecer la lixiviación de los componentes químicos del producto.

Este pesticida es tóxico para algunas plantas en concentraciones muy bajas. Los organismos acuáticos y plantas acuáticas no objetivo pueden verse afectados negativamente si se permite que este producto se aleje de las áreas de aplicación. La exposición a residuos de isoxaflutole puede dañar o matar plantas susceptibles. Los síntomas de fitotoxicidad como resultado de la exposición al isoxaflutole incluyen el blanqueamiento o la clorosis del follaje de las plantas afectadas. El algodón es particularmente susceptible al isoxaflutole; por lo tanto, la exposición del algodón a residuos de isoxaflutole puede afectar su rendimiento. Para evitar daños a los cultivos y otras plantas deseables, lea y siga todas las instrucciones y precauciones indicadas en esta etiqueta antes de usar.

No se debe mezclar ni cargar este producto a menos de 50 pies de ningún pozo (incluidos pozos abandonados o de drenaje), sumideros, arroyos o ríos (ya sean permanentes o temporales), ni de lagos o embalses, tanto naturales como artificiales. Esta restricción no aplica si los pozos abandonados están bien sellados o tapados, o si se trabaja en una zona impermeable o con diques adecuados para contener derrames.

Está prohibida cualquier operación de mezcla, carga, enjuague o lavado de este producto, ya sea en equipos de aplicación o en sus contenedores, dentro del radio de 50 pies de cualquier pozo, a menos que dichas actividades se realicen sobre una plataforma impermeable diseñada para soportar el peso de la carga más pesada que pueda colocarse o desplazarse sobre ella. Dicha plataforma debe estar diseñada y mantenida para contener cualquier derrame del producto, fugas de equipos, aguas de enjuague de contenedores o equipos, así como aguas pluviales que puedan caer sobre la superficie. No se debe permitir que el agua superficial fluya hacia o desde la plataforma, lo que implica que esta debe ser autosuficiente y contener completamente los líquidos. La plataforma debe tener una pendiente adecuada que facilite recoger y eliminar fácilmente los materiales. Las plataformas sin techo deben tener una capacidad suficiente para contener, como mínimo, el 110% de la capacidad del mayor contenedor de pesticida o equipo de aplicación que se coloque sobre ella. En el caso de plataformas cubiertas con un techo que impida completamente el contacto con la lluvia, la capacidad mínima debe ser del 100% de la capacidad del mayor contenedor o equipo de aplicación presente en la plataforma. Estas capacidades mínimas de contención deben mantenerse en todo momento. Estas capacidades mínimas **NO** se aplican a los vehículos que solo están entregando pesticidas en el sitio de mezcla o carga. Es posible que algunos estados tengan requisitos adicionales sobre distancias mínimas respecto a pozos y sobre contención operativa.

El producto debe usarse de forma que se evite el retroceso de líquidos hacia los pozos, así como derrames o eliminación inadecuada de excedentes de pesticida, mezclas de pulverización o aguas de enjuague.

Advertencia sobre especies en peligro de extinción

Este producto puede afectar a especies amenazadas o en peligro de extinción, así como a sus hábitats críticos, en determinadas zonas. Si va a usar este producto, debe seguir las medidas indicadas en el Boletín de Protección de Especies en Peligro de extinción correspondiente al condado o municipio donde se aplicará el pesticida. Para saber si existe un boletín para su zona y obtenerlo, visite <http://www.epa.gov/essp/> o llame al 1-800-447-3813, dentro de los 6 meses previos al uso del producto. Los aplicadores deben utilizar los boletines que estén vigentes en el mes en que se aplicará el pesticida. Los nuevos Boletines estarán disponibles en las fuentes mencionadas con 6 meses de antelación a su fecha de entrada en vigor.

El uso de este producto de forma contraria a lo indicado en su etiqueta constituye una infracción de la ley federal.

ALMACENAMIENTO Y DESECHO

NO contamine agua, comida ni forrajes mediante el almacenamiento y desecho.

Almacenamiento de pesticidas: Almacenar en su envase original, alejado de alimentos y piensos. Conservar en un lugar fresco y seco. **NO** almacenar a la luz directa del sol. **NO** permitir el almacenamiento prolongado a temperaturas superiores a 40°C (105°F) ni inferiores a -10°C (14°F).

Desecho de pesticidas: Para evitar desechos, use todo el material de este recipiente en las aplicaciones del pesticida de acuerdo con las instrucciones de la etiqueta. Si no se pueden evitar los residuos, entregue el producto sobrante a un centro de eliminación de residuos o a un programa de eliminación de pesticidas (este tipo de programas suelen ser gestionados por autoridades estatales o locales, o por la industria).

MANIPULACIÓN DE ENVASES Menos de 5 Gallones: Envase de plástico no rellenable. **NO** reutilice ni rellene este recipiente. Ofrezca para el reciclaje si está disponible. Enjuague tres veces (o equivalente) el recipiente inmediatamente después de vaciarlo. Enjuague tres veces siguiendo estas indicaciones: vacíe los contenidos restantes en el equipo de aplicación o un tanque de mezclar, y drene por 10 segundos después de que el flujo empiece a gotear. Llene el recipiente 1/4 lleno con agua y tape de nuevo. Agite por 10 segundos. Eche el enjuague en el equipo de aplicación o tanque de mezclar, o almacene el enjuague para uso más tarde o eliminación. Drene por 10 segundos después de que el flujo empiece a gotear. Repita este procedimiento dos veces más. Después, ofrezca el envase para reciclaje, si el servicio está disponible, o perfórelo y deshágase del mismo en un vertedero sanitario, o mediante incineración, o quémelo si las autoridades locales y estatales lo permiten. Si lo quema, manténgase alejado del humo.

MANIPULACIÓN DE ENVASES Más de 5 Galones: Envase de plástico no rellenable. **NO** reutilice ni rellene este recipiente. Ofrezca para el reciclaje si está disponible. Enjuague tres veces (o equivalente) el recipiente inmediatamente después de vaciarlo. Enjuague tres veces siguiendo estas indicaciones: vacíe los contenidos restantes en el equipo de aplicación o un tanque de mezclar. Llene el recipiente 1/4 lleno con agua. Reemplace y asegure los cierres. Vuelque el recipiente al lado y hágalo rodar por 30 segundos, asegurando por lo menos una revolución completa. Ponga el recipiente vertical e inclínelo hacia adelante y hacia atrás varias veces. Dé vuelta al recipiente hacia el lado opuesto e inclínelo hacia adelante y hacia atrás varias veces. Eche el enjuague en el equipo de aplicación o tanque de mezclar, o almacene el enjuague para uso más tarde o eliminación. Repita este procedimiento dos veces más. Luego ofrezca para el reciclaje si está disponible o el reacondicionado si está adecuado, o perfore y desecho en un área adecuada para desechos sanitarios o por otros procedimientos aprobados por las autoridades estatales y locales o la incineración.

MANIPULACIÓN DE ENVASES Contenedores y mini-contenedores a granel: Envase de plástico rellenable. Rellene este recipiente únicamente con pesticida. **NO** reutilice este recipiente para ningún otro propósito. La limpieza del recipiente antes de su eliminación final es la responsabilidad de la persona que se deshace del recipiente. La limpieza antes de rellenar es la responsabilidad de la persona que lo va a rellenar. Para limpiar el recipiente antes de su eliminación final, vacíe el contenido restante de este recipiente en el equipo de aplicación o en el tanque de mezcla. Llene el recipiente con un 10% de agua. Agitar vigorosamente o haga recircular el agua con la bomba durante 2 minutos. Vierta o bombee el agua de enjuague en el equipo de aplicación o en el sistema de recolección de agua de enjuague. Repita este procedimiento dos veces más. Luego ofrezca para el reciclaje si está disponible o perfore y desecho en un área adecuada para desechos sanitarios, o por otros procedimientos aprobados por las autoridades estatales y locales o la incineración.

¡EL RECIPIENTE NO ES SEGURO PARA ALIMENTOS, FORRAJES, NI AGUA POTABLE!

NOTES

NOTES

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

May injure (phytotoxic) susceptible non-target plants.

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification. Commercial and certified applicators must ensure that all persons involved in these activities are informed of the precautionary statements.

ISOXAFLUTOLE GROUP 27 HERBICIDE

Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC

For weed control in field corn, seed corn and corn grown for silage in the states of: AR, AL, CO, DE, GA, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, LA, MI, MN, MO, MS, MT, NE, NJ, NM, NC, ND, OH, OK, PA, SC, SD, TN, TX, VA, WI, WV, and WY

In the state of MN, use is only allowed in accordance with the Minnesota Product Bulletin.

In the state of WI, use is only allowed in accordance with the Wisconsin Product Bulletin.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	WT. BY %
Isoxaflutole [5-cyclopropyl-4-(2-methylsulfonyl)-4-trifluoromethylbenzoyl] isoxazole]	20.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	80.0%
TOTAL:	100.0%

Contains 2.00 pounds active ingredient per U.S. gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

(If you **DO NOT** understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See label booklet for complete Precautionary Statements, Directions For Use, and Storage and Disposal.

FIRST AID - IF SWALLOWED: • Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. • **DO NOT** induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • **DO NOT** give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. **IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:** • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. **IF IN EYES:** • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present; after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOTLINE NUMBERS - Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222. For general information about this product, contact the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378, Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 12 PM PST, or at <http://npic.orst.edu>.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN - No specific antidote is available. All treatments needs to be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS - HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS - CAUTION - Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS** - Drift or runoff may adversely affect non-target plants. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organism in neighboring areas. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. **DO NOT** use the same spray equipment for other purposes unless thoroughly cleaned. **DO NOT** contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes. **Non-Target Organism Advisory** - This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift. **Groundwater Advisory** - Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC contains isoxaflutole which is known to leach through soil into ground water under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of Sharda Isoxaflutole 20% SC in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination. **Surface Water Advisory** - Isoxaflutole residues can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, isoxaflutole residues

may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water (primarily via dissolution in runoff water) for several weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over lying extremely shallow ground water, areas with in field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas over lying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water. In fields having sands, loamy sands, and sandy loam soils, special care should be taken not to over-irrigate since substantial over-irrigation promotes the leaching of chemicals. This pesticide is toxic to some plants at very low concentrations. Non-target plants may be adversely affected if the pesticide is allowed to drift from areas of application. Exposure to isoxaflutole residues may injure or kill susceptible plants. Symptoms of phytotoxicity as a result of exposure to isoxaflutole include whitening or chlorosis of the foliage of affected plants. Cotton is particularly susceptible to isoxaflutole; therefore, exposure of cotton to isoxaflutole residues may affect cotton yield. To prevent damage to crops and other desirable plants, read and follow all directions and precautions on this label before using. This product may be mixed or loaded within 50 feet of any wells (including abandoned wells and drainage wells), sink holes, perennial or intermittent streams and rivers, and natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. This setback does not apply to properly capped or plugged abandoned wells and does not apply to impervious pad or properly diked mixing/loading areas. Operations that involve mixing, loading, rinsing, or washing of this product into or from pesticide handling or application equipment or containers within 50 feet of any well are prohibited unless conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be positioned on or moved across the pad. Such a pad shall be designed and maintained to contain any product spills or equipment leaks, container, or equipment rinse or washwater and rainwater that may fall on the pad. Surface water shall not be allowed to either flow over or from the pad, which means the pad must be self-contained. The pad shall be sloped to facilitate material removal. An unroofed pad shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum 110% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to exclude complete precipitation from contact shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum of 100% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. Containment capacities as described above shall be maintained at all times. The above specific minimum containment capacities **DO NOT** apply to vehicles when delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading site. States may have in effect additional requirements regarding wellhead setbacks and operational containment. Product must be used in a manner which will prevent back siphoning in wells, spills or improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures or rinsates. **Endangered Species Advisory/Protection Requirements** - This product may have effects on federally listed threatened or endangered species or their critical habitat in some locations. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the Endangered Species Protection Bulletin for the county or parish in which you are applying the pesticide. To determine whether your county or parish has a Bulletin, and to obtain that Bulletin, consult <http://www.epa.gov/espp/>, or call 1-800-447-3813 no more than 6 months before using this product. Applicators must use Bulletins that are in effect in the month in which the pesticide will be applied. New Bulletins will be available from the above sources 6 months prior to their effective dates.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE - RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE - It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read the entire label before using this product.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. **PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in original container away from feed and food. Store in cool, dry area. **DO NOT** store in direct sunlight. **DO NOT** allow prolonged storage in temperatures that exceed 105°F (40°C) or in temperatures that fall below 14°F (-10°C). **PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry). **CONTAINER HANDLING Less Than 5 Gallons:** Nonrefillable plastic container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or mix tank or store rinsate for later use and disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. **CONTAINER HANDLING Greater Than 5 Gallons:** Nonrefillable plastic container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. **CONTAINER HANDLING For Bulk and Mini-Bulk Containers:** Refillable plastic container. Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** use this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by State and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

Manufactured For: Sharda Cropchem Ltd. 2nd Floor, Prime Business Park, Dashrathl Joshi Rd., Vile Parle (West), Mumbai - 400056, India

EPA Reg. No. 82633-136 EPA Est. No. [AG] 72159-GA-001; [MC] 89332-GA-001; [SC] 39578-TX-001

The EPA Establishment Number is identified by the circled letters above that match the first two letters in the batch number.

Net Contents: **2.5 Gals.*** ☐ **265 Gals.**

* Unless alternate checked